

SECTION 130—SF 133, REPORT ON BUDGET EXECUTION AND BUDGETARY RESOURCES

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Summary of Changes

Increases the frequency of FACTS II/SF 133 reporting (sections [130.2\(e\)](#) and [130.2\(f\)](#)).

130.1 What is the purpose of the SF 133 and how is it organized?

The SF 133 Report on Budget Execution and Budgetary Resources:

- Fulfills the requirement in [31 U.S.C. 1511–1514](#) that the President review Federal expenditures at least four times a year.
- Allows the monitoring of the status of funds that were apportioned on the SF 132 Apportionment and Reapportionment Schedule and funds that were not apportioned.
- Provides a consistent presentation of information across programs within each agency, and across agencies, which helps program, budget, and accounting staffs to communicate.
- Provides historical reference that can be used to help prepare the President's Budget, program operating plans, and spend-out rate estimates.
- Provides a basis to determine obligation patterns when programs are required to operate under a continuing resolution.
- Ties an agency's financial statements to their budget execution. The compilation of an agency's SF 133s should generally agree with an agency's Statement of Budgetary Resources. The few differences are explained in section [130.19\(e\)](#).

The SF 133 consists of the following sections:

Section...	shows whether....	and is described in:
Budgetary Resources	budgetary resources are available for obligation or not	Appendix F, Budgetary Resources
Status of Budgetary Resources	budgetary resources have been obligated or not	Appendix F, Status of Budgetary Resources
Change in Obligated Balance	obligated balances changed	Appendix F, Change in Obligated Balance
Budget Authority and Outlays, Net	obligated amounts have been outlaid or not	Appendix F, Budget Authority and Outlays, Net
Unfunded Deficiencies	a deficiency has been liquidated.	Appendix F, Unfunded Deficiencies

130.2 What are the general requirements for submitting SF 133s?

(a) *What accounts should I report?*

Unless otherwise specified by OMB, all Executive Branch agencies must electronically submit SF 133 information each quarter for each open Treasury appropriation fund symbol (TAFS).

Do submit SF 133 reports for:

- Unexpired (i.e. current) TAFSs;
- Expired TAFSs (including TAFSs about to be closed and annual TAFSs that are older than five years that have legally authorized extended disbursing authority);

- Both apportioned TAFSs and those that have not been apportioned; and
- Credit program, financing, and liquidating TAFSs (see section [185](#) for detailed information).

Do not submit SF 133 reports for:

- Deposit fund accounts;
- Receipt accounts (including clearing accounts and suspense accounts); and
- Closed TAFSs (i.e. TAFSs with canceled balances) unless required by OMB.

(b) *What level of detail should I report?*

Submit SF 133s for each expired and unexpired TAFS. Report amounts as cumulative from the beginning of the fiscal year to the end of the period.

Because one of the main purposes of the SF 133 is to monitor the use of the funds planned on the SF 132 Apportionment; in general, your SF 133 should contain the same level of detail as your SF 132 Apportionment.

(c) *How do I submit an SF 133?*

You must submit SF 133 budget execution information electronically through the Treasury's Federal Agencies' Centralized Trial-balance System II (FACTS II). This facilitates analysis and ensures consistent presentation of budget execution information so that Government-wide totals are meaningful. Electronic submission of the information also allows the SF 133 to be presented on the Budget Community web pages at <https://max.omb.gov/community/x/cwM> to facilitate communication among accounting, budget, and audit staff.

You can find out more about FACTS II at <http://www.fms.treas.gov/factsii/index.html> or by calling the Budget Reports Division at (202) 874-8668. FACTS II does not replace the SF 133, but rather replaces previous systems used to collect SF 133 information.

(d) *Who can approve an SF 133 submission?*

SF 133 information submitted for each independent agency, departmental bureau, or similar subdivision will be certified by an officer duly authorized by the head of the agency to be responsible for the integrity of the submission.

Typically, one group within your agency (for example, the accounting office) reports amounts to Treasury while another group (for example, the budget office) prepares budget schedules (see section [82.15](#)). Before the accounting office submits its actuals to Treasury in FACTS II, you must ensure that the amounts you are going to report are conceptually and numerically consistent with the amounts that your budget office is going to report in MAX A-11. In addition, GAO requires your auditors to determine whether controls exist to ensure that the amounts in your systems and the amounts submitted via FACTS II agree. See GAO-02-126G "Guide for Auditing the Statement of Budgetary Resources" (see section [82.15](#)).

(e) *When do I submit an SF 133?*

You must submit SF 133 budget execution information at the end of November, July, August, and each quarter. You can find out the reporting deadlines at <http://www.fms.treas.gov/factsii/index.html> or by calling the Budget Reports Division at (202) 874-8668. The FACTS II window opens approximately two weeks after the close of reporting month or each quarter. You must revise any material errors in

previously reported information through FACTS II at this time as well. You also must be able to produce a monthly SF 133 when required by OMB.

(f) *What other budget execution reporting requirements must I meet?*

You must submit a paper copy of the SF 133 for November, July, August, and each quarter directly to the Committee on Appropriations, House of Representatives. To the extent practicable, you should submit all the reports for each independent agency, departmental bureau, or similar subdivision together and numbered consecutively. You may use printouts of SF 133s from FACTS II. You may also encourage or make arrangements with the Committee on Appropriations, House of Representatives to electronically retrieve the information from the Budget Community web pages at <https://max.omb.gov/community/x/cwM>.

You should periodically compare the estimates of anticipated amounts (contained on SF 132 lines 1040, 1041, 1042, 1150, 1151, 1152, 1250, 1251, 1252, 1330, 1430, 1530, 1531, 1630, 1631, 1740, 1741, 1742, 1840, 1841, 1842, and line 2203) to actual results to improve future estimates.

130.3 How do I report budgetary resources?

To use the entries in this section of the SF 133, see [Appendix F, Budgetary Resources](#). The Appendix F includes specific instructions for unexpired TAFSs, expired TAFSs, and expired TAFSs being closed. "Expired TAFSs being closed" refers to the final September 30 SF 133 that is submitted for a TAFS (e.g., the September 30 report for an annual TAFS that has been expired for five years).

For unobligated balance brought forward, do not include any amounts for (1) indefinite appropriations, except special and trust fund receipts; (2) indefinite borrowing authority; or indefinite contract authority. For adjustments to indefinite budget authority, refer to lines 1100, 1101, 1102, 1200, 1201, 1202, 1300, 1400, 1500, 1600 of [Appendix F](#) as well as <http://www.fms.treas.gov/ussgl> for the appropriate USSGL.

130.4 How do I report the status of budgetary resources?

To use the entries in this section of the SF 133, see [Appendix F, Status of Budgetary Resources](#).

130.5 How do I report obligations, and how are obligations shown on SF 133 reports?

Agencies need to use the same descriptive stubs for Category B (by project) and Category AB (combination of fiscal quarters and projects) obligations as appear on their approved apportionment. For Category A, Category B, and Category AB obligations that use program reporting categories, agencies need to use the same stub description used on the apportionment.

OMB sends a list of program reporting category stubs, as well as Category B and AB stubs, from approved apportionments to the Department of the Treasury's Financial Management Service (FMS) for use in FACTS II budget execution reporting. See sections [121.2](#), [121.3](#), and [121.4](#) for additional information. When reporting your obligations, FACTS II will present you with a list of program reporting categories, Category B projects and Category AB fiscal quarters/projects to report upon; these Category B projects, Category AB fiscal quarters/projects, and reporting categories are taken from OMB's automated apportionment system.

OMB sends this information to FMS so OMB can use automated tools to align program report categories, Category B projects, and Category AB fiscal quarters/projects on the approved apportionments to the SF 133 reports. Prior to this change, OMB was unable to create automated reports that compare apportioned amounts (from the SF 132) and obligations (from the SF 133) by Category B project. The reason is that the SF 132s and SF 133s used different names for the Category B projects, so it was impossible to use a computer program to line up the projects by name.

When reporting your obligations to FACTS II, you must first report the same categories as used in the apportionment. If necessary, you may then add new Category B project, Category AB fiscal quarters/projects, and/or Categories A, B, or AB program reporting category stubs. Here are some reasons why you may need to add new Category B projects, Category AB fiscal quarters/projects, and/or Categories A, B, or AB program reporting categories:

- First, you must report all obligations that took place during the reporting period. You must add Category B projects, Category AB fiscal quarters/projects, and/or Categories A, B, or AB program reporting categories if FACTS II does not provide you with a comprehensive list of Category A, B, or AB program reporting categories and/or Category B projects or Category AB fiscal quarters/projects to report all your obligations.
- Second, if you are aware that OMB has apportioned funds using Category B projects or Category AB fiscal quarters/projects that are not presented in FACTS II, then you should add the missing Category B projects or Category AB fiscal quarters/projects names, and report your obligations for those projects.
- Third, if you are aware that OMB has used Category A, B, or AB program reporting categories that are not presented in FACTS II, then you should add the missing program reporting category names, and report our obligations for those categories.

The obligations submitted to FACTS II are presented in two ways on the SF 133 reports produced by FACTS II and OMB.

- First, obligations are summarized into the following categories: (1) Direct, Category A; (2) Direct, All Category B projects; (3) Direct, exempt from apportionment; (4) Reimbursable, Category A; (5) Reimbursable, All Category B projects; and (6) Reimbursable, exempt from apportionment.
- Second, the SF 133s show obligations by Apportionment Category (A, B, or AB), and then by Category B project (for Category B, only), Category AB fiscal quarters/projects (for Category AB, only) or program reporting category (Category A, Category B, and Category AB).
- Third, the SF 133s show funds apportioned for future fiscal years on line 2202.

Exhibit [130C](#) shows how the obligations are reported for one TAFS.

130.6 How do I report the change in obligated balances?

To use the entries in this section of the SF 133, see [Appendix F, Change in Obligated Balances](#). Lines 3000 through 3100 are required for all quarters.

130.7 How do I report budget authority and outlays, net?

To use the entries in this section of the SF 133, see [Appendix F, Budget Authority and Outlays, Net](#). Lines 4180 and 4190 are required for all quarters.

130.8 What do I need to know about accounting adjustments under 31 U.S.C. 1534?

When an appropriation is available to an agency to pay a cost that benefits another appropriation that is also available to pay the cost, [31 U.S.C. 1534](#) permits the first appropriation to be charged initially, as long as the charge is moved to the appropriation benefited before the end of the fiscal year. Do not report the initial charge and succeeding adjustment.

130.9 How is reimbursable work with Federal agencies under the Economy Act shown on SF 133 reports?

When you anticipate but have not yet received an order, whether or not you received an advance, enter the amount on line 1740 or 1840 of the SF 133, "BA: Disc: Spending auth: Antic colls, reimbs, other."

When you receive the order, it moves the amount of the order from line 1740 or 1840 to line 1701 or 1801, "BA: Disc: Spending auth: Chng uncoll paymt Fed src." If the order is accompanied or preceded by an advance payment, move the advance payment (up to the amount of the order) to line 1700 or 1800, "Collected."

If you do not record valid obligations to cover all or part of an order before the period of availability to make obligations of the ordering account expires, then you may not fill that part of the order. You must send back any cash advances not covered by obligations back to the ordering account. If you are the ordering agency, deobligate funds not covered by obligations by the performing account and record the corresponding adjustments. Use line 1021 "Unob Bal: Recov of prior year unpaid obligations," for obligations incurred in prior fiscal years. For obligations incurred in the current fiscal year, net the amount against the appropriate detailed lines 2001 through 2103, "Obligations incurred." If a cash advance accompanied the order, use line 1700 or 1800 when you collect the refund. These will be start of year unobligated balances available for adjustments but not new obligations in the expired years.

When you fill the order, move the amounts earned and collected to line 1700 or 1800, "Collected." Move the amounts earned but *not* collected to line 1701 or 1801, "BA: Disc: Spending auth: Chng uncoll paymt Fed src."

If you receive payment for a filled order *after* the period of obligational authority of the performing appropriation has *expired*, credit the payment to the expired appropriation, unless the law expressly prescribes other procedures.

If you receive payment *after* your performing account has been *canceled*, you must send the amounts to miscellaneous receipts in the Treasury.

If the period of disbursement for your account is canceled before you reimburse the appropriation that performed the work, you can only make the repayment from an unexpired appropriation that is available for the same purpose as the closed account.

When the performing and ordering agency accounts have different periods of availability, the performing account may need to establish new TAFS, as described in the following table:

ECONOMY ACT ACTIVITIES BETWEEN FEDERAL ENTITIES

If the ordering agency account has...	And the performing agency account...	Then the performing agency account must...	Should the performing agency account TAFS show unobligated balances on the September 30th SF 133?
Annual TAFS	Has annual TAFS	Use existing annual TAFS	No.
	Does not have annual account but has multi-year and no-year TAFS	Ask Treasury to establish annual TAFS	No.

If the ordering agency account has...	And the performing agency account...	Then the performing agency account must...	Should the performing agency account TAFS show unobligated balances on the September 30th SF 133?
Multi-year TAFS	Has Multi-year TAFS	Use existing multi-year TAFS	<p>It depends.</p> <p>Yes, for any year prior to the last year of the multi-year TAFS unless otherwise specified in the unfilled customer order. The amount will become part of line 1000 in the next fiscal year.</p> <p>No, for the last year of the multi-year TAFS.</p>
	Does not have multi-year account but has annual and no-year TAFS	Use existing annual TAFS	<p>No, however, for the amount of unfilled customer order not obligated, agency would show new anticipated spending authority from offsetting collections on Line 1740 or 1840 in its annual year TAFS established for the next fiscal year.</p>
	Does not have multi-year account and annual but has no-year TAFS	Ask Treasury to establish annual TAFS	<p>No, however, for the amount of unfilled customer order not obligated, agency would show new anticipated spending authority from offsetting collections on line 1740 or 1840 in its annual year TAFS established for the next fiscal year.</p>
No-year TAFS	Has no-year TAFS	Use existing no-year TAFS	<p>Yes, unless otherwise specified in the unfilled customer order. The amount will become part of line 1000 in the next fiscal year.</p>
	Does not have no-year account but has annual and multi-year TAFS	Use existing annual or multi-year TAFS	<p>It depends.</p> <p>No, for an annual or the last year of a multi-year TAFS. However, for the amount of unfilled customer order not obligated, agency would show new anticipated spending authority from offsetting collections on line 1740 or 1840 in its annual year TAFS established for the next fiscal year unless otherwise specified in the unfilled customer order.</p> <p>Yes, for any year prior to the last year of the multi-year TAFS unless otherwise specified in the unfilled customer order.</p> <p>The amount will become part of line 1000 in the next fiscal year.</p>

130.10 What should I report during the expired phase?

Budget execution reporting procedures. Obligated and unobligated balances must be reported on the SF 133 for each expired TAFS that has not been canceled.

September 30 SF 133 reports for annual TAFSs and the last year of multi-year TAFSs that expire at midnight on September 30 should report these TAFSs as unexpired.

Expired unobligated balances.

At the beginning of the first expired year, place the expired unobligated balance on line 1000, "Unob Bal: Brought forward, October 1." This amount should equal the sum of the lines in the unobligated balances section of the final report of budget execution for the unexpired phase, i.e., the sum of lines 2201 through 2303, "Unob Bal: Apportioned/ Exempt from apportionment" and 2401 through 2403, "Unob Bal: Unapportioned." These unobligated balances are now expired budgetary resources. They are available for obligation only for valid upward adjustments of obligations that were properly incurred against the TAFS during the unexpired phase.

Since the expired resources are no longer available for new obligations, place the amounts not used for valid adjustments on line 2403, "Unob Bal: Unapportioned: Other." In each succeeding expired year, the amount on line 1000, "Unob Bal: Brought forward, October 1," should be the same as the amount on line 2403, "Unob Bal: Unapportioned: Other," of the final report of budget execution for the prior year.

130.11 How do I report adjustments to expired TAFSs?

Downward adjustments. Place downward adjustments of unpaid obligations previously incurred on line 1021, "Unob Bal: Recov of prior year unpaid obligations." The amount should be included as a positive number because it increases the expired resources available only for future adjustments. Downward adjustments do not include previously paid obligations which require a refund. These refunds will be recorded on line 1700 or 1800, "Collected," when received.

Upward adjustments. Place upward adjustments of obligations previously incurred on detailed lines 2001 through 2103, "Obligations incurred." Upward adjustments of obligations reduce unobligated balances. Subtract upward adjustments from the expired unobligated balances on line 2403, "Unob Bal: Unapportioned: Other"

The amount should represent the upward adjustments made during the fiscal year for which the report is submitted. Upward adjustments made during previous fiscal years should not be included because the amounts on line 2403, "Unob Bal: Unapportioned: Other," have already been adjusted downward.

Upward adjustments are limited in at least two ways:

- Upward adjustments are limited by the amount available for adjustments on line 2403, "Unob Bal: Unapportioned: Other," of the expired TAFS.
- No new obligations may be shown in the expired TAFS columns. Only upward adjustments of obligations that were incurred in the year in which the amount was available for obligation are valid, i.e., recording obligations that were incurred previously but reported in a different amount or erroneously not reported.

Obligation adjustments for contract changes. Upward adjustments to obligations in expired TAFSs, caused by "contract changes" that exceed certain cumulative thresholds, are subject to additional reporting and approval requirements as shown in the following table. A "contract change" means an order relating to an existing contract under which a contractor is required to perform additional work. A contract change does not include adjustments related to an escalation clause.

For the Department of Defense, obligational increases for contract changes are cumulative at the program, project, and activity level. For civilian agencies, such increases are cumulative at the appropriation level.

If the contract change will cause cumulative obligational increases to an appropriation to exceed...

Then the agency head...

\$4 million during a fiscal year

(or a designated officer in his immediate office) must approve the contract change.

\$25 million during a fiscal year

must report the contract change in writing to the appropriate authorizing committees in Congress and to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations *before* the obligation is made. Include a description of the legal basis and policy reasons for the proposed obligation. *Do not* make or record the obligation in your accounting records until 30 days after submitting the report.

130.12 What must I do when I have extended disbursement authority?

The length of the expired phase of TAFSs may only be changed by law. You must prepare budget execution reports in accordance with [Appendix F](#). Also, you must report such authority to Treasury's Financial Management Service to prevent premature, automatic cancellation of the TAFS.

The unobligated balance for TAFSs with extended disbursing authority will not be canceled at the end of the fifth expired year. The unobligated balance will remain in the expired phase until the TAFS is closed. For further guidance, you should consult the Treasury Financial Manual.

Normally, payment of canceled balances will not be eligible for funding from Treasury's general claims fund.

130.13 How do I report expired TAFSs that are being closed?

Expired obligated and unobligated balances must be reported as canceled on the final, September 30 SF 133 before you close the TAFS. Once an amount is reported as canceled, it should not be reported again. Note: Technically, TAFSs are "closed," while appropriations and balances are "canceled."

Cancellations of unobligated balances.

On the final, September 30 SF 133 before a TAFS will be closed, you must present all unobligated balances as canceled, i.e., as a negative (–) on line 1029, "Unob Bal: Other balances withdrawn."

On all SF 133s, other than the final, September 30 SF 133 before a TAFS will be closed, you should show recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations on line 1021, "Unob Bal: Recov of prior year unpaid obligations," as an expired resource. You should add any part of a recovery that is not used to adjust obligations to the expired unobligated balance shown on line 2403, "Unob Bal: Unapportioned: Other."

For guidance to cancel an unobligated balance of a TAFS with extended disbursing authority, refer to section [120.12](#) above.

Cancellations of obligated balances.

When a TAFS is required to be closed, you must present any remaining obligated balance as canceled by doing the following:

- Include it as a cancellation (a positive number) on line 1021, "Unob Bal: Recov of prior year unpaid obligations;"

- Include it as a writeoff (a negative number) on line 1029, "Unob Bal: Other balances withdrawn;" and
- Reduce the obligated balance, line 3091, "Ob Bal: EOY: Uncoll cust payments fm Fed sracs, EOY" to zero.

In addition to cancellations of unobligated and obligated balances, you must also address the cancellations of prepaid/advanced obligations. Because these amounts were previously reflected as disbursements, the amounts are not reflected in either of the unobligated and obligated balances.

130.14 What disbursements can I make during the canceled phase?

Legitimately incurred obligations that have not been disbursed (i.e., paid) at the time a TAFS is canceled cannot be disbursed from the canceled obligated or unobligated balances of the canceled TAFS.

After a TAFS is canceled, any obligations or adjustments to obligations that would have been properly chargeable to that TAFS may be disbursed from an unexpired TAFS that is available for obligation for the same purpose as the closed TAFS, provided that:

- The obligation or adjustment is not already chargeable to another unexpired TAFS.
- Payment of obligations against canceled TAFSs from unexpired TAFSs are limited to one percent of the appropriation in the unexpired TAFS. No more than one percent of an unexpired TAFS may be used to pay any combination of canceled obligations. This is a single, cumulative limit. It applies to one percent of the annual appropriation (not total budgetary resources) for annual TAFSs and to unexpired appropriations for multi-year TAFSs.

For example, assume there is a multi-year TAFS with an appropriation of \$10 million that covers fiscal years 1997 through 1999 that was enacted in fiscal year 1997. In fiscal year 1997, the one-percent limitation is equal to \$100,000. At the end of fiscal year 1997, \$90,000 was used. In fiscal year 1998, the unused, unexpired portion (\$10,000) of the limitation is available for upward adjustment and disbursement of an obligation from a canceled predecessor TAFS. See section [120.21](#).

- Antideficiency Act provisions continue to apply to canceled TAFSs. The authority to pay obligations against closed TAFSs from one percent of unexpired TAFSs cannot be used to exceed the original appropriation.
- When you cancel obligations under the provisions of Public Law 101–510 (31 U.S.C. 1551–1557), a tracking process should be maintained. You must maintain proper U.S. Standard General Ledger (USSGL) controls for obligations pertaining to canceled appropriations to prevent overpayment. Therefore, you must maintain accurate records of balances and control of adjustments for canceled TAFSs that (1) affect the appropriation of the unexpired TAFS or (2) do not affect the appropriation of the unexpired TAFS due to offsets between/among canceled TAFSs. The Treasury's Financial Management Service provides USSGL accounting instructions. See <http://www.fms.treas.gov/ussgl> for further information.

130.15 How do I submit non-standard reports?

You must submit additional *monthly* budget execution reports when required by OMB. Submit these directly to your OMB representative. Use the SF 133 format and lines described in [Appendix F](#). Provide a separate column of information for each unexpired and expired TAFS. The columns should be formatted in the following order: unexpired, expired, and total. Report amounts in whole dollars. The

submission of a monthly report does not relieve you of providing an electronic submission through FACTS II each quarter.

OMB's policy is to use existing agency internal reports to the greatest extent feasible to support required reports. When existing agency internal reports do not include the information necessary to provide complete information on the progress and status of programs, projects, or activities, supporting information may be required by OMB.

See section [20](#) on definitions, concepts, and terminology for additional guidance related to preparation of the SF 133.

130.16 How do I report lower levels of detail?

You can report lower levels of detail on the SF 133 in a variety of ways as follows:

Method	Description
Category B	If your SF 132 apportions funds on lines 6011 through 6169 "Category B" at a certain level, then you must provide the same level of detail on the lines 2002 or 2102.
Treasury Sub-account	You may need to report certain SF 133s by Treasury sub-account. OMB and you may decide that a Treasury sub-account be established to identify a certain level of detail not only on the SF 133 but also on other reports submitted to the Treasury. The establishment of a Treasury sub-account for an account may affect Treasury reporting requirements (such as the SF 224 Statement of Transactions).
Footnotes	For information that is integral to understanding the content of the SF 133 but cannot be reported in one of the more standardized methods described above, you may footnote any amount reported on the SF 133. If your OMB representative requires a footnote, then it must be provided.

Consult with your OMB representative to determine the best method for your situation.

130.17 How do I submit an SF 133 for allocation accounts?

The parent agency must ensure that a separate SF 133 is submitted for each allocation transfer account through FACTS II. When allocation transfers are made from a parent account to allocation accounts, then an SF 133 will be submitted for each allocation account to report its activities. The parent agency will determine who will submit the information through FACTS II and how. Regardless of who submits the information through FACTS II, the activity of both the parent account and the allocation accounts will be reported on the parent agency's Statement of Budgetary Resources.

The parent agency may choose to: (a) gather information from all of the agencies that have allocation accounts and enter the information into FACTS II, or (b) require each agency with an allocation account to enter information into FACTS II and provide a copy to the parent agency.

Agencies reporting these allocation accounts will furnish information to the other agency or agencies involved in the allocation in a timely manner. Receiving agencies with allocation accounts must submit the information required to the parent agency no later than 12 calendar days following the end of the reporting period or a date required by the parent to meet its reporting and auditing deadlines, whichever comes first.

130.18 How do I submit an SF 133 for credit TAFSs?

You should submit SF 133s for credit TAFSs at the TAFS level during quarters one through three, but at the cohort level in the fourth quarter. To determine the SF 133 aggregation of credit TAFS reporting that is required for your agency, consult your OMB representative. For additional instructions for preparing the SF 133 for credit programs, see section [185](#).

130.19 How do I ensure that my actuals are consistent?

Amounts reported on the fourth quarter SF 133 must be consistent with information reported to Treasury as part of year-end closing procedures and must be based on actual accounting information pursuant to [31 U.S.C. 3512](#). Actuals submitted to OMB for inclusion in the President's annual budget, which is submitted to the Congress, should agree with those submitted to Treasury and those submitted on the fourth quarter SF 133. If one group within your agency (for example, accounting) reports amounts to Treasury while another group (for example, the budget office) prepares budget schedules, then you must take action to ensure that the amounts reported are conceptually and numerically consistent. It may be advisable to allow the budget office to review your SF 133 information before it is submitted.

(a) What reports of actuals should generally be the same?

- September 30 SF 133 Report on Budget Execution and Budgetary Resources.
- Statement of Budgetary Resources (SBR) (if required).
- Budget Program and Financing Schedule (PY actual column).
- Treasury Combined Statement.
- FMS 2108 Year-end Closing Statement (used to generate Treasury Combined Statement).
- SF 224 Statement of Transactions (used to generate Treasury Combined Statement).
- Your agency's accounting system.

(b) What guidance is available to help me ensure that my actuals are reported consistently?

- Section [82.15](#)
- Treasury Financial Manual U.S. Government Standard General Ledger Supplement, which contains crosswalks from the USSGL to the SF 133/SBR, FMS 2108, and Program and Financing Schedule. It is available at <http://www.fms.treas.gov/ussgl>.

(c) What differences should I expect between the September 30 SF 133 and the Budget Appendix?

- The SF 133 is displayed at the TAFS level, while the *Appendix* presents consolidated information covering all TAFSs (annual, multiple-year, and no-year) with the same account title. Also, an account in the *Appendix* may contain multiple TAFSs with different titles.
- OMB Circular No. A–11 requires that allocation transfer accounts be consolidated and reported by the parent account for budget formulation purposes. OMB Circular No. A–11 requires that allocation accounts be reported separately for budget execution purposes (see section [130.17](#)). The sum of the information on all the SF 133s with the same account title should be the same as the information required for the *Appendix*.
- The SF 133 is reported in dollars, while the Program and Financing schedule is in millions of dollars.

(d) *What differences should I expect among the September 30 SF 133, the Budget Appendix, and Treasury Combined Statement?*

- For trust or special funds where budget authority is limited by law, unobligated balances at the end of the fiscal year reported in the Treasury Combined Statement (column 6) may not agree with the unobligated balances reported on the SF 133 (lines 2201 through 2403) and the actual column of the Budget Program and Financing Schedule. The difference in the two amounts will represent the total end of year balance on the *Appendix's* schedule on special and trust fund receipts (Schedule N).

(e) *What differences should I expect between the September 30 SF 133 and the Statement of Budgetary Resources?*

- The SF 133 is displayed at the TAFS level, while the Statement of Budgetary Resources is displayed at the agency level. The Statement of Budgetary Resources is displayed as a principal statement for the agency as a whole, and must be displayed as required supplementary information for major TAFSs.
- The SF 133 displays lines with zero dollars associated with them, while the Statement of Budgetary Resources does not display lines with zero dollars associated with them.
- The Statement of Budgetary Resources includes a separate column for credit financing TAFSs because they are non-budgetary.
- The Statement of Budgetary Resources includes separate lines for offsetting receipts and net outlays in order to derive the net outlays for the agency.

130.20 What is the hierarchy of spending "mixed" funding?

Where multiple types of funding are provided to a single TAFS, agencies must apply obligations, outlays, and reductions against budgetary resources in the following order:

1. Against amounts derived from special and trust fund receipts.
2. Against amounts derived from certain offsetting collections (including asset sales, interest on Federal securities, interest on uninvested funds, compulsory collections from the public or intragovernmental expenditure transfers with no benefit).
3. Against amounts derived from the general fund of the U.S. Treasury.

The hierarchy would not apply when a law requires that specific resources be spent for specific purposes. It would also not apply to the following types of offsetting collections since the resources are generally provided for a specific purpose and are not fungible with the other resources in the account:

1. Received in returns for goods or services provided, including
 - a. Reimbursements under the IPA and
 - b. Voluntary insurance premiums.
2. From other Federal government accounts where collections are for a jointly funded grant or project. This does not include intragovernmental expenditure transfers with no benefit.

Your accounting office will find the guidance related to the hierarchy of "mixed" funding in [OMB Circular No. A-136 "Financial Reporting Requirements" section II.4.5.3.](#)

Annual Account--September 30 Report

To save space, several exhibits in this section do not display lines that do not contain amounts. Exhibits F-1 and F-2 contains all

SF 133 REPORT ON BUDGET EXECUTION AND BUDGETARY RESOURCES							
AGENCY: Department of Government		APPROPRIATION OR FUND TITLE AND SYMBOL					
BUREAU: Office of the Secretary		80Y0137 Salaries and expenses					
		Period ended 9/30/CY					
	FY 2012 Unexpired Account	FY 2011 Expired Account	FY 2010 Expired Account	FY 2009 Expired Account	FY 2008 Expired Account	FY 2007 Expired Account	Total
BUDGETARY RESOURCES							
1000 Unob Bal: Brought forward, October 1.....		110,000	205,000	75,000	87,000	10,000	487,000
1021 Unob Bal: Recov of prior year unpaid obligations.....						3,500	3,500
1029 Unob Bal: Other balances withdrawn.....						1,000	-11,000
1050 Unob Bal: Unobligated balance (total).....		110,000	205,000	75,000	87,000	2,500	479,500
1100 BA: Disc: Appropriation	7,400,000						7,400,000
1130 BA: Disc: Appropriations permanently reduced.....	-1,000						-1,000
1160 BA: Disc: Appropriation (total).....	7,399,000						7,399,000
1700 BA: Disc: Spending auth: Collected.....	403,000						403,000
1910 Total budgetary resources (disc. and mand.).....	7,802,000	110,000	205,000	75,000	87,000	2,500	8,281,500
STATUS OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES							
2001 Reimbursable obs incurred: Category A (by quarter).....	7,601,315	50,000	85,000	45,000	27,000	2,500	7,810,815
2201 Unob Bal: Apportioned: Avail in the current period.....	200,685						200,685
2403 Unob Bal: Unapportioned: Other.....		60,000	120,000	30,000	60,000		270,000
2490 Unobligated balance, end of year.....	200,685	60,000	120,000	30,000	60,000		470,685
2500 Total budgetary resources.....	7,802,000	110,000	205,000	75,000	87,000	2,500	8,281,500
CHANGE IN OBLIGATED BALANCE							
3000 Ob Bal: SOY: Unpaid obs brought fwd, Oct 1 gross.....		100,000	365,000	40,000	7,000	5,000	517,000
3020 Obligated balance, start of year (net).....		100,000	365,000	40,000	7,000	5,000	517,000
3030 Ob Bal: Obligations incurred: Unexpired accounts.....	7,601,315						7,601,315
3031 Ob Bal: Obligations incurred: Expired accounts.....		50,000	85,000	45,000	27,000	2,500	209,500
3040 Ob Bal: Outlays (gross).....	-7,476,850	-100,000	-170,000	-65,000	-32,000	-4,000	-7,847,850
3081 Ob Bal: Recov, prior year unpaid obs, exp accts						-3,500	-3,500
3090 Ob. Bal: EOY: Unpaid obligations (gross).....	124,465	50,000	280,000	20,000	2,000		476,465
3100 Obligated balance, end of year (net).....	124,465	50,000	280,000	20,000	2,000		476,465
BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS, NET							
4000 Disc: Budget authority, gross.....	7,802,000						7,802,000
4010 Disc: Outlays from new authority.....	7,476,850						7,476,850
4011 Disc: Outlays from balances.....		100,000	170,000	65,000	32,000	4,000	371,000
4030 Disc: Offsets, BA and OL: Collections fm Fed srce.....	-403,000						-403,000
4070 Disc: Budget authority, net.....	7,399,000						7,399,000
4080 Disc: Outlays, net.....	7,073,850	100,000	170,000	65,000	32,000	4,000	7,444,850
4180 Budget authority, net (disc. and mand.).....	7,399,000						7,399,000
4190 Outlays, net (disc. and mand.).....	7,073,850	100,000	170,000	65,000	32,000	4,000	7,444,850

The final September 30 SF 133 before an account will be closed will include these lines to indicate the amount to be canceled.

Amounts for lines 2401-2403 should be consistent with amounts on the latest SF 132.

Note: Exhibit 121E illustrates the apportionment of this account.

Annual Account with Reimbursements--September 30 Report

SF 133 REPORT ON BUDGET EXECUTION AND BUDGETARY RESOURCES			
		Period ended 9/30/CY	
AGENCY: Department of Government		APPROPRIATION OR FUND TITLE AND SYMBOL	
BUREAU: Government Bureau		80Y0123 Salaries and expenses	
	Year 1 Unexpired Account	Year 2 Expired Account	
BUDGETARY RESOURCES			
1000 Unob Bal: Brought forward, October 1.....		200,000	Identify in a footnote, the law(s) providing budget authority.
1100 BA: Disc: Appropriation.....	10,000,000		Collections of receivables from the prior year from Federal sources are entered as a positive amount on line 1700 and as a negative adjustment on line 1701.
1700 BA: Disc: Spending auth: Collected.....	1,000,000	130,000	
1701 BA: Disc: Spending auth: Chng uncoll paymt Fed src.....	130,000	-130,000	Normally, amounts should reflect <i>obligated amounts only</i> on the September 30 report except for amounts in expired accounts that are offset by a reimbursable receivable or collection of an outstanding reimbursable receivable from the prior year.
1750 BA: Disc: Spending auth: Total.....	1,130,000		
1910 Total budgetary resources (disc. and mand.)	11,130,000	200,000	
STATUS OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES			
2001 Direct obs incurred: Category A (by quarter).....	9,800,000	50,000	Available only for upward adjustment of valid obligations incurred during the unexpired period.
2102 Reimbursable obs incurred: Category B.....	1,130,000		
2201 Unob Bal: Apportioned: Avail in the current period.....	200,000		
2403 Unob Bal: Unapportioned: Other.....		150,000	
2490 Unobligated balance, end of year.....	200,000	150,000	
2500 Total budgetary resources	11,130,000	200,000	
CHANGE IN OBLIGATED BALANCE			
3000 Ob Bal: Unpaid obs brought forwd, Oct 1 gross.....		350,000	To save space, several exhibits in this section do not display lines that do not contain amounts. Exhibits F-1 and F-2 contains all lines.
3010 Ob Bal: SOY: Uncoll cust paymt brought forwd Oct 1.....		-130,000	
3020 Obligated balance, start of year (net).....		220,000	
3030 Ob Bal: Obligations incurred: Unexpired accounts.....	10,930,000		
3031 Ob Bal: Obligations incurred: Expired accounts.....		50,000	
3040 Ob Bal: Outlays (gross).....	-10,580,000	-55,000	
3050 Ob Bal: Change, uncoll cust paymt, Fed srcs, unexp.....	-130,000		
3051 Ob Bal: Change, uncoll cust paymt, Fed srcs, exp.....		130,000	
3090 Ob Bal: EOY: Unpaid obligations (gross).....	350,000	345,000	
3091 Ob Bal: EOY: Uncoll cust payments fm Fed srcs, EOY.....	-130,000		
3100 Obligated balance, end of year (net).....	220,000	345,000	
BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS, NET			
4000 Disc: Budget authority, gross.....	11,130,000		
4010 Disc: Outlays from new authority.....	10,580,000		
4011 Disc: Outlays from balances.....		55,000	
4030 Disc: Offsets, BA and OL: Collections fm Fed srcs.....	-1,000,000	-130,000	
4050 Disc: Offset, BA: Chng in uncoll pay, Fed src, unex.....	-130,000	130,000	
4070 Disc: Budget authority, net.....	10,000,000		
4080 Disc: Outlays, net.....	9,450,000	55,000	
4180 Budget authority, net (disc. and mand.).....	10,000,000	-	
4190 Outlays, net (disc. and mand.).....	9,450,000	55,000	

No-Year Account--Quarterly Report

SF 133 REPORT ON BUDGET EXECUTION AND BUDGETARY RESOURCES		Period ended 6/30/CY
AGENCY: Department of Government		APPROPRIATION OR FUND TITLE AND SYMBOL
BUREAU: Bureau of Central Services		80X1309 Research and development
BUDGETARY RESOURCES		X Unexpired Account
1000 Unob Bal: Brought forward, October 1.....	1,610,000	For unexpired accounts, these entries reflect estimated and anticipated downward adjustments of obligations reported in prior years.
1021 Unob Bal: Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations.....	76,000	
1041 Unob Bal: Antic recov of prior year unpaid obl.....	74,000	
1050 Unob Bal: Unobligated balance (total).....	1,760,000	
1100 BA: Disc: Appropriation.....	25,000,000	
1130 BA: Disc: Appropriations permanently reduced.....	-200,000	
1160 BA: Disc: Appropriation (total)	24,800,000	
1700 BA: Disc: Spending auth: Collected.....	209,000	
1740 BA: Disc: Spending auth: Anticipated collections, reimbursements, and other income	191,000	
1750 BA: Disc: Spending auth: Total.....	400,000	Line 1910 should equal line 2500.
1910 Total budgetary resources (disc. and mand.)	26,960,000	
STATUS OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES		
2001 Direct obs incurred: Category A (by quarter) Salaries.....	294,320	Note that the program reporting categories used in Exhibit 1210 are reprinted on this portion of the SF 133.
2001 Direct obs incurred: Category A (by quarter) All Other.....	59,680	
2002 Direct obs incurred: Category B Research -- Air.....	5,497,700	
2002 Direct obs incurred: Category B Research -- Water.....	5,743,350	
2002 Direct obs incurred: Category B Research -- All Other.....	788,750	
2002 Direct obs incurred: Category B Development of products -- Air.....	3,890,250	
2002 Direct obs incurred: Category B Development of products -- Water.....	3,093,750	
2101 Reimbursable obs incurred: Category A (by quarter) Salaries.....	5,000	This entry is the difference between apportionments through the end of the current quarter and the obligations incurred under those apportionments through the end of the reporting period.
2102 Reimbursable obs incurred: Category B Development of products -- Air.....	98,000	
2102 Reimbursable obs incurred: Category B Development of products -- Water.....	95,750	
2102 Reimbursable obs incurred: Category B Development of products -- All Other.....	89,450	
2201 Unob Bal: Apportioned: Avail in the current period.....	3,304,000	
2202 Unob Bal: Apportioned: Avail in subsequent periods.....	4,000,000	
2490 Unobligated balance, end of year.....	7,304,000	
2500 Total budgetary resources.....	26,960,000	Amounts for lines 2200 through 2202 should be consistent with amounts on the latest SF 132.
CHANGE IN OBLIGATED BALANCE		
3000 Ob Bal: SOY: Unpaid obs brought forwd, October 1 gross.....	407,500	This amount must agree with the amount reported on line 3100 of the final SF 133 for the preceding year.
3030 Ob Bal: Obligations incurred: Unexpired accounts.....	19,656,000	
3040 Ob Bal: Outlays (gross).....	-19,605,100	
3080 Ob Bal: Recov, prior year unpaid obs, Unexp accts.....	-76,000	
3090 Ob Bal: EOY: Unpaid obligations (gross).....	382,400	
3100 Obligated balance, end of year (net).....	382,400	
BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS, NET		
4000 Disc: Budget authority, gross.....	25,200,000	
4010 Disc: Outlays from new authority.....	17,995,100	
4011 Disc: Outlays from balances.....	1,610,000	
4020 Disc: Total outlays, gross.....	19,605,100	
4030 Disc: Offsets, BA and OL: Collections fm Fed sres.....	-209,000	
4053 Disc: Offsets, BA only: Antic offsetting collect.....	-191,000	
4070 Disc: Budget authority, net.....	24,800,000	
4080 Disc: Outlays, net.....	19,396,100	
4180 Budget authority, net (disc. and mand.).....	24,800,000	
4190 Outlays, net (disc. and mand.).....	19,396,100	

Note: Exhibit 121G illustrates the apportionment of this account.

Multi-Year Account Apportioned for Two Fiscal Years

SF 133 REPORT ON BUDGET EXECUTION AND BUDGETARY RESOURCES		Period ended 6/30/CY
AGENCY: Department of Government		APPROPRIATION OR FUND TITLE AND SYMBOL
BUREAU: Bureau of Central Services		89-12/13-0100 Salaries and Expenses
		89-12/13-0100 Unexpired Account
BUDGETARY RESOURCES		
1100	BA: Disc: Appropriation.....	100,000
<hr/>		
1910	Total budgetary resources (disc. and mand.).....	100,000
STATUS OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES		
2001	Direct obs incurred: Category A (by quarter).....	48,000
2201	Unob Bal: Apportioned: Avail in the current period.....	2,000
2202	Unob Bal: Apportioned: Avail in subsequent periods.....	50,000
2490	Unobligated balance, end of year.....	52,000
<hr/>		
2500	Total budgetary resources.....	152,000
CHANGE IN OBLIGATED BALANCE		
3030	Ob Bal: Obligations incurred: Unexpired accounts.....	48,000
3040	Ob Bal: Outlays (gross).....	-20,000
3090	Ob Bal: EOY: Unpaid obligations (gross).....	28,000
3100	Obligated balance, end of year (net).....	28,000
BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS, NET		
4000	Disc: Budget authority, gross.....	100,000
4010	Disc: Outlays from new authority.....	20,000
4070	Disc: Budget authority, net.....	100,000
4080	Disc: Outlays, net.....	20,000
4180	Budget authority, net (disc. and mand.).....	100,000
4190	Outlays, net (disc. and mand.).....	20,000

To save space, several exhibits in this section do not display lines that do not contain amounts. Exhibits f-1 and f-2 contains all lines.

**Public Enterprise (Revolving) or Intragovernmental (Revolving)
Fund--Quarterly Report**

SF 133 REPORT ON BUDGET EXECUTION AND BUDGETARY RESOURCES		Period ended 3/31/CY
AGENCY: Department of Government		APPROPRIATION OR FUND TITLE AND SYMBOL
BUREAU: Government Enterprise Corp.		80X4321 Government Enterprise Corp. fund.
		X Unexpired Account
BUDGETARY RESOURCES		
1000	Unob Bal: Brought forward, October 1	83,583,738
1022	Unob Bal: Capital transfer to general fund.....	-15,000,000
1023	Unob Bal: Applied to repay debt.....	-5,756,800
1050	Unob Bal: Unobligated balance (total).....	62,826,938
1100	BA: Disc: Appropriation.....	4,100,000
1700	BA: Disc: Spending auth: Collected.....	33,250,500
1701	BA: Disc: Spending auth: Chng uncoll paymt Fed src.....	700,000
1740	BA: Disc: Spending auth: Antic colls, reimbs, other.....	36,855,800
1750	BA: Disc: Spending auth: Total.....	70,806,300
1910	Total budgetary resources (disc. and mand.).....	137,733,238
STATUS OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES		
2101	Reimbursable obs incurred: Category A (by quarter).....	1,200,000
2102	Reimbursable obs incurred: Category B Management services.....	12,000,000
2102	Reimbursable obs incurred: Category B Sales program.....	5,000,000
2102	Reimbursable obs incurred: Category B Power program.....	10,000,000
2201	Unob Bal: Apportioned: Avail in the current period.....	29,016,600
2202	Unob Bal: Apportioned: Avail in subsequent periods.....	1,234,600
2403	Unob Bal: Unapportioned: Other.....	79,282,038
2490	Unobligated balance, end of year.....	109,533,238
2500	Total budgetary resources.....	137,733,238
CHANGE IN OBLIGATED BALANCE		
3000	Ob Bal: SOY: Unpaid obs brought forwd, Oct 1 gross.....	5,621,800
3020	Obligated balance, start of year (net).....	5,621,800
3030	Ob Bal: Obligations incurred: Unexpired accounts.....	28,200,000
3040	Ob Bal: Outlays (gross).....	-27,384,596
3050	Ob Bal: Change, in uncoll cust paymt, Fed srcs, unexp.....	-700,000
3090	Ob Bal: EOY: Unpaid obligations (gross).....	6,437,204
3091	Ob Bal: EOY: Uncoll cust payments fm Fed srcs, EOY.....	-700,000
3100	Obligated balance, end of year (net).....	5,737,204
BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS, NET		
4000	Disc: Budget authority, gross.....	74,906,300
4010	Disc: Outlays from new authority.....	20,384,596
4011	Disc: Outlays from balances.....	7,000,000
4020	Disc: Total outlays, gross.....	27,384,596
4030	Disc: Offsets, BA and OL: Collections fm Fed srcs.....	-33,250,500
4050	Disc: Offsets, BA: Change in uncol pay, Fed srcs, unexp.....	-700,000
4053	Disc: Offsets, BA only: Antic offsetting collect.....	-36,855,800
4060	Disc: Additional offsets against BA only (total).....	-37,555,800
4070	Disc: Budget authority, net.....	4,100,000
4080	Disc: Outlays, net.....	-5,865,904
4180	Budget authority, net (disc. and mand.).....	4,100,000
4190	Outlays, net (disc. and mand.).....	-5,865,904

Lines 2002 and 2102 must be consistent with the Apportionment Category B detail amounts.

For revolving funds, this amount will agree with the amount reported on lines 6180, 6181, and 6182 of the latest approved SF 132 plus upward adjustments in income until a reapportionment request is approved.

Note: Exhibit 121K illustrates the apportionment of this account.

Annual Account - Advance Appropriation

SF 133 REPORT ON BUDGET EXECUTION AND BUDGETARY RESOURCES		Period ended 6/30/11
AGENCY: Department of Government		APPROPRIATION OR FUND TITLE AND SYMBOL 80-12-1309 Research and development
BUREAU: Bureau of Central Services		
		FY 2012 Unexpired Account
BUDGETARY RESOURCES		
1170	BA: Disc: Advance appropriation.....	7,400,000
1910 Total budgetary resources (disc. and mand.).....		7,400,000
STATUS OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES		
2001	Direct obs incurred: Category A (by quarter).....	7,000,000
2201	Unob Bal: Apportioned: Avail in the current period.....	400,000
2490	Unobligated balance, end of year.....	400,000
2500 Total budgetary resources.....		7,800,000
CHANGE IN OBLIGATED BALANCE		
3030	Ob Bal: Obligations incurred: Unexpired accounts.....	7,000,000
3040	Ob Bal: Outlays (gross).....	-5,000,000
3090	Ob Bal: EOY: Unpaid obligations (gross).....	2,000,000
3100	Obligated balance, end of year (net).....	2,000,000
BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS, NET		
4000	Disc: Budget authority, gross.....	7,400,000
4010	Disc: Outlays from new authority.....	5,000,000
4070	Disc: Budget authority, net.....	7,400,000
4080	Disc: Outlays, net.....	5,000,000
4180	Budget authority, net (disc. and mand.).....	7,400,000
4190	Outlays, net (disc. and mand.).....	5,000,000

Report advance appropriations in the period in which the funds become available for obligation and not before.

For example, an advance appropriation of 7,400,000 in fiscal year 2011 appropriations act that will become available for obligations in fiscal year 2012 should be included on line 1170 in the fiscal year 2012 SF 133.

To save space, several exhibits in this section do not display lines that do not contain amounts. Exhibits f-1 and f-2 contains all lines.

Annual Account--Reappropriation

When a law extends the period of availability of an amount, that in the absence of the law would have expired, the amount is reappropriated.

SF 133 REPORT ON BUDGET EXECUTION AND BUDGETARY RESOURCES		Period ended 9/30/CY
AGENCY: Department of Government	APPROPRIATION OR FUND TITLE AND SYMBOL	
BUREAU: Bureau of Central Services	80-11-1309 Research and development	
	FY 2011 Unexpired	
BUDGETARY RESOURCES		
1000 Unob Bal: Brought forward, October 1.....		
1100 BA: Disc: Appropriation.....	200	
1131 BA: Disc: Appropriations permanently reduced.....		
1910 Total budgetary resources (disc. and mand.).....	200	
STATUS OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES		
2201 Unob Bal: Apportioned: Avail in the current period.....	200	
2490 <i>Unobligated balance, end of year.....</i>	<i>200</i>	
2500 Total budgetary resources.....	200	

The amount that had been part of an unobligated balance (line 2490) in a previous period . . .

SF 133 REPORT ON BUDGET EXECUTION AND BUDGETARY RESOURCES			Period ended 12/31/CY
AGENCY: Department of Government	APPROPRIATION OR FUND TITLE AND SYMBOL		
BUREAU: Bureau of Central Services	80Y1309 Research and development		
	FY 2012 Unexpired	FY 2011 Expired	
BUDGETARY RESOURCES			
1000 Unob Bal: Brought forward, October 1.....		100	... should be reported as a new appropriation (line 1105) in the period in which it becomes available.
1105 BA: Disc: Reappropriation.....	100		
1131 BA: Disc: Appropriations permanently reduced.....		-100	Report the reduction on line 1131.
1910 Total budgetary resources (disc. and mand.).....	100	-	
STATUS OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES			
2001 Direct obs incurred: Category A (by quarter).....			
2201 Unob Bal: Apportioned: Avail in the current period.....	100		
2500 Total budgetary resources.....	100	-	

SF 133 Net Outlay Formula

The following is the outlay formula to be used to check the internal consistency of the SF 133.

Net Outlays = Lines (2001 through 2003 + 2101 through 2103) - (1700+1701+1800+1801+1021) + 3000 ± 3001 - 3010 ± 3011 ± 3060 ± 3061 ± 3070 ± 3071- (3090-3091)

Step 1: Take the sum of the amounts on lines 2001 through 2003 plus 2101 through 2103 Obligations incurred 19,656,000

Step 2: Subtract the sum of the following lines:

Spending authority from offsetting collections (gross)		
Line 1700--Collected.....	197,000	
Line 1701--Change in uncollected customer payments from Federal sources (+ or -).....	0	
Line 1800--Collected.....	12,000	
Line 1801--Change in uncollected customer payments from Federal sources (+ or -).....	0	
Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations		
Line 1021--Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations.....	76,000	
Sum.....	285,000	-285,000

Step 3: Add the sum of the following lines:

Obligated balance, start of year (net)		
Line 3000--Unpaid obligations, brought forward, October 1 (gross).....	407,500	
Line 3001--Adjustments to unpaid obligations, brought forward, October 1 (+ or -).....	0	
Line 3010--Uncollected customer payments from Federal sources, brought forward, October 1 (-).....	0	
Line 3011--Adjustments to uncollected customer payments from Federal sources, brought forward, October 1 (+ or -).....	0	
Sum.....	407,500	407,500

Step 4: Add (if positive) or subtract (if negative) the sum of the following lines:

Obligated balance transfers, net		
Line 3060--Unpaid obligations transferred to other accounts (-).....	0	
Line 3061--Unpaid obligations transferred from other accounts.....	0	
Line 3070--Uncollected customer payments from Federal sources transferred to other accounts.....	0	
Line 3071--Uncollected customer payments from Federal sources transferred from other accounts (-).....	0	
Sum.....	0	0

Step 5: Subtract the sum of the following lines:

Obligated balance, net, end of period		
Line 3090--Unpaid obligations, end of year (gross.).....	382,400	
Line 3091--Uncollected customer payments from Federal sources, end of year (-).....	0	
Sum.....	382,400	-382,400

Net Outlays:

Line 4010--Outlays from new discretionary authority	19,605,100	
Line 4011--Outlays from discretionary balances.....	0	
Line 4030--Federal sources (-).....	-197,000	
Line 4031--Interest on Federal securities (-).....	0	
Line 4032--Interest on uninvested funds (-).....	0	
Line 4033--Non-Federal sources (-).....	0	
Line 4034--Offsetting governmental collections (from non-Federal sources) (-).....	0	
Line 4110--Total outlays, gross.....	0	
Line 4120--Federal sources (-).....	0	
Line 4121--Interest on Federal securities (-).....	0	
Line 4122--Interest on uninvested funds (-).....	0	
Line 4123--Non-Federal sources (-).....	-12,000	
Line 4124--Offsetting governmental collections (from non-Federal sources) (-).....	0	

Result: This should be the sum of lines 4010 + 4011+ (4030 through 4034) + 4110+ (4120 through 4124)..... 19,396,100

Note: These amounts come from Exhibit 130C

Crosswalk from the SF 133 to the Treasury Combined Statement

SF 133 Report on Budget Execution and Budgetary Resources	Treasury Combined Statement
1000: Unob Bal: Brought forward, October 1	Column 1 ^{a/} : Balances beginning of fiscal year, unobligated balance (unexpired) and unobligated balance (expired)
3020: Obligated balance, start of year (net)	Column 1: Balances beginning of fiscal year, obligated balance: The sum of accounts payable and undelivered orders minus the sum of accounts receivable and unfilled customer orders
1100 through 1105: BA: Disc: Appropriations 1170 through 1171: BA: Disc: Advance appropriations 1200 through 1204: BA: Mand: Appropriations 1270 through 1271: BA: Mand: Advance appropriations	Column 2: Appropriations and other obligational authority: Total
1120 +1121+1173+1510+1511+1710+1711: Discretionary nonexpenditure transfers of appropriations, contract authority, and spending authority to or from other accounts 1220+1221+1272+1610+1611+1810+1811: Mandatory nonexpenditure transfers of appropriations, contract authority and spending authority to or from other accounts	Net effect shown, with a footnote in column 2 for transfers between annual accounts in the same fund group. All other transfers shown in Column 3
1130+1131+1320+1520+1722: Discretionary appropriations, borrowing authority, contract authority, and spending authority permanently 1230+1420+1620: Mandatory appropriations, borrowing authority, contract authority, and spending authority permanently reduced	Column 2: Appropriations and other obligational authority: Total Column 5: Balances withdrawn and other transactions: The sum of the entries for undisbursed funds, unfunded contract authority, authority to borrow from Treasury, and authority to borrow from the public (plus increases in unobligated balances footnoted in columns 1 and 6 as unavailable for obligation)
Not applicable	Column 3: Transfers, borrowings, and investments (net)
1010 + 1011+1012+1013: Nonexpenditure transfers of unobligated balance to or from other accounts	Not applicable
3060+3061+3070+3071: Nonexpenditure transfers of obligated balance to or from other accounts	Not applicable
4190: Outlays, net (discretionary and mandatory)	Column 4: Outlays (net): Total
1700+1701: Discretionary spending authority from offsetting collections (gross) 1800+1801: Mandatory spending authority from offsetting collections (gross)	Not applicable
1021: Unob Bal: Recov of prior year unpaid obligations	Not applicable
1031: Unob Bal: Refunds/recov temp precl ob (spec/trust) 1132 through 1134: Discretionary appropriations temporarily reduced (total) 1174: BA: Disc: Advanced approps temporarily reduced 1232 through 1235: Mandatory appropriations temporarily reduced (total) 1273: BA: Mand: Advanced approps temporarily reduced	Not applicable
Not applicable	Column 5: Balances withdrawn and other transactions: The sum of the entries for undisbursed funds, unfunded contract authority, authority to borrow from Treasury, and authority to borrow from the public (plus increases in unobligated balances footnoted in columns 1 and 6 as unavailable for obligation)
2201+2202+2203+2301+2302+2303 ^{b/} : Unobligated balance: Apportioned / exempt from apportionment 2401+2402+2403: Unobligated balance: Unapportioned	Column 6: Balances end of fiscal year, unobligated balance
3100: Obligated balance, end of period (net)	Column 6: Balances end of fiscal year, obligated balance: The sum of accounts payable and undelivered orders minus the sum of accounts receivable and unfilled customer orders

^{a/} Column 1 of the Treasury Combined Statement (previously known as the Treasury Annual Report) means the first column after the Account Symbol columns.

^{b/} Some valid exceptions do exist, such as amounts temporarily precluded from obligation and temporary reductions.

Trust Fund (or Special Fund) with Collections Precluded from Obligation

SF 133 REPORT ON BUDGET EXECUTION AND BUDGETARY RESOURCES			
Period ended 9/30/CY			
AGENCY: Department of Government	APPROPRIATION OR FUND TITLE AND SYMBOL		
BUREAU: Program benefits trust fund	80X8000	Payment of benefits	
DESCRIPTION	Dec. 31 SF 133	Jun. 30 SF 133	Sept. 30 SF 133
BUDGETARY RESOURCES			
1201 BA: Mand: Appropriation (special or trust fund)	70,000	150,000	160,000
Includes \$30 thousand apportioned (see exhibit 121P) of prior year collections plus \$40 thousand collected in		Includes only new collections. Prior year collections are not needed to incur obligations and therefore are not shown as an appropriation.	
1235 BA: Mand: Appropriations precluded from obligation.....			-40,000
Includes \$40 thousand to be collected in March, June, and September.			Excess of new collections over obligations.
1250 BA: Mand: Anticipated appropriation	120,000	40,000	
Include amounts of budgetary resources in excess of apportioned amounts on line 2403. If the account is exempt from apportionment, include amounts in excess of obligations on line 2301.			Total budgetary resources equal obligations on line 2001-2104.
1910 Total budgetary resources (disc. and mand.).....	190,000	190,000	120,000
STATUS OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES			
2002 Direct obligations incurred: Category B: Benefit payments.....	30,000	90,000	120,000
2201 Unob Bal: Apportioned: Available in the current period.....			
2203 Unob Bal: Apportioned: Anticipated.....			
2403 Unob Bal: Unapportioned: Other.....	160,000	100,000	
2490 <i>Unobligated balance, end of year</i>	160,000	100,000	
2500 Total budgetary resources.....	190,000	190,000	120,000
CHANGE IN OBLIGATED BALANCE			
3030 Ob Bal: Changes: Obligations incurred: Unexpired accounts.....	30,000	90,000	120,000
3040 Ob Bal: Changes: Outlays (gross) (-).....	-30,000	-90,000	-120,000
BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS, NET			
4090 Budget authority, gross (mand.).....	190,000	190,000	120,000
4100 Outlays from new mandatory authority (mand.).....	30,000	90,000	120,000
4160 Budget authority, net (mand.).....	70,000	150,000	120,000
4170 Outlays, net (mand.).....	30,000	90,000	120,000
4180 Budget authority, net (disc. and mand.).....	190,000	190,000	120,000
4190 Outlays, net (disc. and mand.).....	30,000	90,000	120,000

General Principles:

- Under scoring rules established under the Balance Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (BBEDCA), collections made available pursuant to law are shown as appropriations (line 1201 of the SF 132 and the SF 133). Amounts not needed to cover obligations are subtracted on line 1235.
- For the September 30 SF 133, prior year collections are not shown unless current year collections are less than amounts needed to incur obligations. This will assure that the actual column in the Budget, derived from the same data as the SF 133, will reflect the scoring required by the BEA.

Assumptions for this example:

- Total annual benefit payments are \$120 thousand (\$10 thousand each month).
- Total annual revenue is \$160 thousand. \$40 thousand is received in December, March, June, and September.
- Pursuant to law, obligations may be made only for payment of benefits.
- Accumulated, unused collections from prior years equal \$750 thousand on October 1st of the fiscal year.

To save space, this exhibit does not display lines that do not contain amounts.

Generally applies to indefinite appropriations. If your agency has a Treasury Appropriation Fund Symbol with a definite appropriation, contact your OMB representative.

Appropriation Reduced by Offsetting Collections and Receipts

SF 133 REPORT ON BUDGET EXECUTION AND BUDGETARY RESOURCES				
		Period ended 9/30/CY		
AGENCY: Department of Government		APPROPRIATION OR FUND TITLE AND SYMBOL		
BUREAU: Government Bureau		80Y2011 Salaries and expenses		
		Dec. 31 SF 133	Jun. 30 SF 133	Sept. 30 SF 133
		Unexpired	Unexpired	Unexpired
		Account	Account	Account
BUDGETARY RESOURCES				
1100	BA: Disc: Appropriation	65,000,000	19,250,000	4,000,000
<p>For the first three quarters, use line 1134 to reduce the total budgetary resources by the anticipated amount of collections whether credited to the expenditure account or deposited to a receipt account.</p> <p>Since the amount appropriated 65,000,000 is initially derived from the General Fund of the U.S. Treasury, this mechanism is necessary in order to avoid double counting the total budgetary resources.</p>		<p>The amount appropriated 65,000,000 is reduced by the amount of actual offsetting collections 61,000,000 received during the fiscal year so as to result in a final fiscal year appropriation of 4,000,000. The amount derived from the General Fund of the U.S. Treasury 65,000,000 should be reduced by the amount of actual offsetting collections 61,000,000 received during the fiscal year on the September 30 SF 133.</p> <p>The amount appropriated is reduced by an amount of collections whether credited to an expenditure account or deposited to a receipt account.</p>		
1134	BA: Disc: Appropriations precluded from obligation.....	-65,000,000	-19,250,000	
1700	BA: Disc: Spending auth: Collected		45,750,000	61,000,000
1740	BA: Disc: Spending auth: Antic colls, reimbs, other	65,000,000	19,250,000	
1750	BA: Disc: Spending auth: Total.....	65,000,000	65,000,000	65,000,000
1910	Total budgetary resources (disc. and mand.).....	65,000,000	65,000,000	65,000,000
STATUS OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES				
2001	Direct obligations incurred: Category A (by quarter).....	16,350,000	49,050,000	64,688,000
<p>To save space, several exhibits in this section do not display lines that do not contain amounts. Exhibit 130H contains all lines.</p>				
2201	Unob Bal: Apportioned: Available in the current period.....	48,650,000	15,950,000	312,000
2490	Unobligated balance, end of year.....	48,650,000	15,950,000	312,000
2500	Total budgetary resources.....	65,000,000	65,000,000	65,000,000
CHANGE IN OBLIGATED BALANCE				
3030	Ob Bal: Obligations incurred: Unexpired accounts.....	16,350,000	49,050,000	64,688,000
3040	Ob Bal: Outlays (gross)	-16,210,000	-49,010,000	-64,675,000
3090	Ob Bal: EOY: Unpaid obligations (gross).....	140,000	40,000	13,000
3100	Obligated balance, end of year (net).....	140,000	40,000	13,000
BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS, NET				
4000	Disc: Budget authority, gross	65,000,000	65,000,000	65,000,000
4010	Disc: Outlays from new authority	16,210,000	49,010,000	64,675,000
4020	Disc: Total outlays, gross	16,210,000	49,010,000	64,675,000
4030	Disc: Offsets, BA and OL: Collections fm Fed sracs		-45,750,000	-61,000,000
4053	Disc: Offsets, BA only: Antic offsetting collect	-65,000,000	-19,250,000	0
4070	Disc: Budget authority, net			4,000,000
4080	Disc: Outlays, net	16,210,000	3,260,000	3,675,000
4180	Budget authority, net (disc. and mand.).....	-	-	4,000,000
4190	Outlays, net (disc. and mand.).....	16,210,000	3,260,000	3,675,000