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INTRODUCTION TO APPORTIONMENTS

120.1 What is an apportionment?

An apportionment is an OMB-approved plan to use budgetary resources (31 U.S.C. 1513(b); Executive Order 11541). It typically limits the obligations you may incur for specified time periods, programs, activities, projects, objects, or any combination thereof. It may also place limitations on the use of other resources, such as FTEs or property. An apportionment is legally binding, and obligations and expenditures (disbursements) that exceed an apportionment are a violation of, and are subject to reporting under, the Antideficiency Act (31 U.S.C. 1517(a)(1), (b)). See section 145 for more on reporting violations of the Antideficiency Act.
120.2 What terms and concepts should I understand to work with apportionments?

*Account-specific apportionments* are approved by an OMB Deputy Associate Director (or designee) and typically include specific amounts. They are in contrast to automatic apportionments, described below.

A Treasury Appropriation Fund Symbol (TAFS) has *adjustment authority* if OMB has approved an apportionment with a footnote in the Application of Budgetary Resources section (footnote indicator that starts with A) describing what new or additional resources are automatically apportioned without the need for OMB to approve a new apportionment and a YES is in the Line Split column of the adjustment authority line (AdjAut). For instance, OMB may provide adjustment authority for cases where actual earned reimbursements exceed the estimate on the apportionment. For more on adjustment authority, see sections 120.50 and 120.51.

The *Antideficiency Act* prohibits Federal employees from obligating or disbursing amounts in excess of an appropriation, an apportionment (or in its absence), an allotment, a suballotment or any other subdivisions of funds that are identified in your agency's administrative control of funds. For more on the Antideficiency Act, see section 145.

An amount is *apportioned* for obligation in the current fiscal year when it appears on the Category A, Category B, or Category AB lines. Amounts apportioned for obligation in future fiscal years appear on the Category C lines. The Application of Budgetary Resources section also includes lines for amounts that are exempt from apportionment or not apportioned for either current or future fiscal years.

An *automatic apportionment* is approved by the OMB Director in the form of a Bulletin or provision in Circular A-11, and typically describes a formula that agencies will use to calculate apportioned amounts. An automatic apportionment is in contrast to the account-specific apportionments, described above, which typically include specific amounts, and which are approved by an OMB Deputy Associate Director (or designee).

*Carryover amounts* are unobligated balances that are available from the prior fiscal year(s) in multi-year and no-year accounts. See section 120.24 regarding the submission, for OMB approval, of requests for the apportionment of carryover amounts. Pursuant to sections 120.7 and 120.57, carryover amounts are automatically apportioned at zero until an account-specific apportionment is issued for such amounts.

*Category A, Category B, Category AB or Category C*—Apportioned amounts appear on different groups of lines in the application of budgetary resources section of an apportionment. Amounts are identified in an apportionment—

- by time (Category A),
- by program, project, or activity (Category B),
- by a combination of program, project, or activity and time period (Category AB),
- for future years (only for multi-year/no-year accounts) (Category C).

You must report obligations to Treasury with the same categories as used on the apportionment.

*Exception apportionment* is a colloquial term that describes a type of account-specific apportionment that is issued for operations under a continuing resolution (CR), in lieu of the OMB-issued automatic apportionment.

*Footnotes* provide additional information and direction beyond the line stubs and dollar amounts. See section 120.34 for more information.
**Impoundment**—Pursuant to the Impoundment Control Act, apportionments may also set aside all or a portion of the amounts available for obligation.

- Amounts *deferred* through the apportionment process are those portions of the total amounts available for obligation that are specifically set aside as temporarily not available until released by OMB.
- Amounts withheld pending *rescission* are those portions that are set aside pending the enactment of legislation reducing the authority to obligate such funds.

For further information on deferrals and rescissions, including the difference between an impoundment and a cancellation proposed by the President, see section 112.

The *line split* column allows you to provide information about a line or to distinguish between two or more budgetary resource amounts that you would otherwise put on a single line. For more details on line splits, see section 120.19.

*Memo obligations* are amounts obligated during the current fiscal year at the time the apportionment request is prepared. The date of the obligations is at the top of the column.

*Program reporting category*—Agencies and OMB will work together to determine the program reporting categories (if any) under which the agencies will report their obligations in their SF 133 Reports on Budget Execution and Budgetary Resources (see section 130). Program reporting categories should be based on elements that agencies track in their financial systems. Though you are encouraged to use program reporting categories, there are some cases where OMB and agencies will choose not to use any.

The program reporting categories are not used to apportion funds and are not subject to the Antideficiency Act (Appendix G).

*Reapportionments* are made when you need to make changes to the previously approved apportionment for the current year. For example, you should request a reapportionment when approved apportionments are no longer appropriate or applicable because the amounts available for obligation have increased or unforeseen events have occurred.

The *Treasury Appropriation Fund Symbol (TAFS)*, combines the Treasury agency or department code, the Federal account symbol, and the period of availability of the resources in the account. The period of availability may be annual, multi-year, or no-year. Annual TAFS have funds that are available for obligation for no longer than one fiscal year. Multi-year TAFS have funds that are available for a specified period of time in excess of one fiscal year. No-year TAFS have funds that are available until expended. See section 20.4 for more details.

The Department of the Treasury's list of account symbols may be found here: [http://fiscal.treasury.gov/fsreports/ref/fastbook/fastbook_home.htm](http://fiscal.treasury.gov/fsreports/ref/fastbook/fastbook_home.htm)

120.3 Are apportionments made at the Treasury appropriation fund symbol (TAFS) level?

Yes, apportionments are made at the TAFS level. See section 20.11 for more details on TAFSs. For cases of allocation transfers, see section 120.29.

120.4 What TAFSs are required to be apportioned?

All TAFSs are required to be apportioned, except in the case of a TAFS that is exempt from apportionment.
120.5 What TAFSs are exempt from apportionment?

The following types of TAFSs are exempt from apportionment:

- TAFSs specifically exempted from apportionment by 31 U.S.C. 1511(b) or other laws.

- TAFSs for which budgetary resources:
  - are available only for transfer to other TAFSs (unless OMB determines otherwise);
  - have expired for obligational purposes (in this case, the last apportionment during the unexpired phase applies); or
  - have been fully obligated before the beginning of the fiscal year.

- TAFS of the following types, which the OMB Director may exempt from apportionment pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1516:
  - Management funds (Treasury TAFSs with the symbols 3900–3999);
  - Payment of claims, judgments, refunds, and drawbacks;
  - Payment under private relief acts and other laws that require payment to a designated payee in the total amount provided in such acts;
  - Foreign currency fund TAFSs (unless OMB requests), section 120.63;
  - Interest on, or retirement of, the public debt; and
  - Items the President has determined to be of a confidential nature for apportionment and budget execution purposes.

To see a list of TAFS that are exempt from apportionment, a report is available through the apportionment system.

120.6 Can a portion of my TAFS be exempt from apportionment?

Yes, in a very limited number of cases, only a portion of the budgetary resources for a TAFS must be apportioned. In these cases, agencies must show the full amount of budgetary resources, show the amounts subject to apportionment on apportioned lines, and show the amounts not subject to apportionment on Line 6183, Exempt from apportionment.

120.7 Do I need to submit an apportionment every fiscal year for TAFS that are multi-year/no-year?

Yes. Multi-year/no-year TAFS with unexpired budgetary resources available for obligation MUST be apportioned every fiscal year, unless exempt under section 120.5. See also section 120.57.

120.8 Can I incur obligations without an apportionment?

No, an obligation cannot be incurred without an OMB approved apportionment (account-specific or automatic), except when the relevant account, from which the amounts are being obligated, is exempt from apportionment. The Antideficiency Act (section 145) prohibits the incurring of obligations that exceed the approved apportionment amount (including, e.g., purchase services or merchandise). See section 145 for specifics on the Antideficiency Act.
120.9 Can I use an apportionment to resolve legal issues about the availability of funds?

No. The apportionment of funds is not a means for resolving any question dealing with the legality of the amounts available by law or the legality of using funds for the purpose for which they are apportioned. Any question as to the legality of the amounts available by law, or the legality of using funds for a particular purpose, must be resolved through legal channels.

WHAT IS IN AN APPORTIONMENT?

120.10 How is the apportionment organized?

The top of the apportionment shows the name and account number of the TAFS being apportioned, and often includes other descriptive information, e.g., agency name, bureau name, budget account name and number.

The apportionment always includes two sections: Budgetary Resources and Application of Budgetary Resources. The Budgetary Resources section always appears toward the top of the apportionment, and shows all budgetary resources, e.g., appropriations, reductions, non-expenditure transfers, in the TAFS. The Application of Budgetary Resources shows apportioned amounts, which are legal limits that restrict how much an agency can obligate, when it can obligate, and what projects, programs, and activities it can obligate for.

Apportionments for guaranteed loan accounts include a third section, Guaranteed Loan Levels and Applications.

Each section of an apportionment includes line numbers and descriptions of all pertinent amounts. See Exhibit 120A for a complete list of line numbers. Appendix F describes each line in detail.

120.11 Why is the Budgetary Resources section needed?

The budgetary resources section is necessary for several reasons.

- First, it provides sufficient detail for OMB to see what level of funding is coming into the TAFS and therefore available to be apportioned. In many cases, apportioned amounts tie back to amounts on specific budgetary resource lines.

- Second, budgetary resource lines on apportionments match the lines used in the President's Budget Program and Financing schedule and SF 133 Report on Budget Execution and Budgetary Resources. The reason that these three presentations use the same line numbers is to facilitate comparisons that provide agencies and OMB with a basis to know they are looking at the right numbers. In addition, the Budget Enforcement Act (BEA) category (i.e., discretionary or mandatory) information in this section is provided to the Treasury Department to facilitate agency reporting of BEA information in budget execution reports.

- Third, the apportionment is the first step in a fiscal year's budget execution process, and provides the basis for agencies to post information in their funds control and financial systems.

120.12 After OMB approves an apportionment, can I obligate against all budgetary resources?

Not necessarily. You should not obligate until apportioned amounts have been allotted in accordance with your agency's OMB-approved funds control regulations (see section 150, Administrative Control of
Funds). There are other circumstances in which you cannot obligate funds following an apportionment. For example, you cannot obligate against anticipated resources. You must wait until the resources are realized before incurring obligations. Additionally, in some cases, a footnote to the apportionment will state that amounts are apportioned, but are only available for obligation when specified events occur (such as an agency taking certain action).

120.13 What is the format of the Applications of Budgetary Resources section and what categories does OMB use to apportion funds?

OMB usually uses one of four categories to apportion budgetary resources in a TAFS.

**Category A** apportions budgetary resources by fiscal quarters, e.g., quarter one (October 1 through December 31), quarter two (January 1 through March 31). Lines 6001 through 6004 are used for quarters one through four, respectively.

**Category B** apportions budgetary resources by program, project, activities, objects or a combination of these categories. Lines 6011 through 6110 are used for Category B apportioned amounts. One TAFS can potentially have dozens of Category B apportionments, each pertaining to specific activities, projects, and so on. There are also cases when it makes programmatic sense for OMB to use a single, Category B apportionment for a given TAFS.

**Category AB** apportions budgetary resources by a combination of fiscal quarters and projects. You may use Lines 6111 through 6159 to apportion a maximum of 12 projects in this manner. The table below shows which lines are reserved for which quarters.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lines</th>
<th>Quarters</th>
<th>Project</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6111 - 6114 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)</td>
<td>Project #1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6115 - 6118 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)</td>
<td>Project #2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6119 - 6122 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)</td>
<td>Project #3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6123 - 6126 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)</td>
<td>Project #4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6127 - 6130 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)</td>
<td>Project #5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6131 - 6134 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)</td>
<td>Project #6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6135 - 6138 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)</td>
<td>Project #7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6139 - 6142 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)</td>
<td>Project #8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6143 - 6146 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)</td>
<td>Project #9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6147 - 6150 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)</td>
<td>Project #10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6151 - 6154 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)</td>
<td>Project #11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6155 - 6158 (Q1 thru Q4, respectively)</td>
<td>Project #12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Category C** apportions budgetary resources in multi-year and no-year TAFSs into future fiscal years. Lines 6170 thru 6173 are used for Category C apportioned amounts. (Note: Category C amounts that OMB apportions in one year are not available for you to obligate against in the following year. For these amounts to be available, OMB must approve a new request in the following year that apportions these amounts on Category A, B, or AB lines.) See section 120.52 for additional information.

Apportionments may include a combination of categories.
In some cases (uncommon), budgetary resources are not apportioned. In such cases, the non-apportioned budgetary resources are shown using one of four apportionment lines —

1. Withheld pending rescission (rarely used),
2. Deferred (rarely used),
3. Unapportioned balance of a revolving fund, and
4. Exempt from apportionment (uncommon, and used in TAFSs with both budgetary resources subject to and exempt from apportionment — at the bottom of the section on the Application of Budgetary Resources). See Appendix F for definitions of these lines.

Agencies must report obligations to Treasury (GTAS) using the same level of specificity as appears on the apportioned section of your most recent approved apportionment. For instance, if OMB uses a single Category B project with five program reporting categories, you must report obligations for each program reporting category. Likewise, if OMB uses 10 Category B projects and you incur obligations for each of these projects, your GTAS submission and SF 133 budget execution report must show obligations for each of these 10 Category B categories and continue to report them in the expired phase.

120.14 What is the format of the Guaranteed Loan Levels and Applications section?

An apportionment for guaranteed loan financing accounts can have a third section, Guaranteed Loan Levels and Applications section. This section shows limitations on loan levels by program level either from the current year and/or unused from prior year(s), and the application of the program level by quarter, risk category, or a combination. The total of the limitation on loan levels by program level should equal the total of the application of the program levels.

120.15 What other kinds of information may an apportionment include?

Many kinds of additional information can be integrated into an apportionment request. Here are some examples.

Allocations. The allocations tab (if required by your RMO examiner) includes a list of all transfer allocation (or children) accounts that are expected to receive a non-expenditure transfer of funds from the parent TAFS being apportioned. The allocation accounts are subject to the Antideficiency Act. Unless OMB separately apportions an allocation account after apportioning the parent account, the allocation account must follow all apportioned amounts, footnotes, and other guidance of the parent account (see section 120.29 for more details).

Cover Letter. OMB’s apportionments are often accompanied by cover letters, which can be very brief or detailed depending on many factors. Cover letters are not subject to the Antideficiency Act.

Footnotes. Footnotes appear on one of three tabs: "Previously Approved Footnotes", "Agency Footnotes", and "OMB Footnotes." The OMB footnotes in the application of budgetary resources section (footnote indicator starts with A) are subject to the Antideficiency Act. See section 120.34 for additional information on footnotes.

Program Reporting Categories. When used, these identify the level of detail that an agency must use in reporting its obligations on SF 133 budget execution reports. These appear on the PgmCat tab in the apportionment request. These are not subject to the Antideficiency Act. See section 120.67 for additional information program reporting categories.
**System-generated reports.** When agencies validate requests, the apportionment system sometimes creates reports showing latest SF 133 versus the apportionment request; warrants; and, non-expenditure transfers. These are not subject to the Antideficiency Act.

**Additional tabs.** Apportionments are almost always prepared, submitted and approved in Excel files. Certain tabs in the Excel file house the apportionment request or footnotes. Others are reserved for other specific kinds of information. Agencies may also use additional tabs as attachments to the apportionment. Tabs in the Excel file are subject to the Antideficiency Act unless clearly stated otherwise in the apportionment (see section 120.36).

**Attachments.** Attachments may include Word, PDF, or Excel files with a wide range of information that pertains to the apportionment request, but that is not included in the Excel file containing the request. If these attachments are cited in the apportionment, they are subject to the Antideficiency Act. See section 120.36 on how to clearly state that the attachments are not subject to the Antideficiency Act.

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**PREPARING THE APPORTIONMENT REQUEST**

### 120.16 How can I submit an apportionment request?

The vast majority of apportionments are submitted by agencies and approved by OMB using OMB’s secure, web-based apportionment system. When questions or issues arise using the system, please send the Excel file you are working with and a brief description of the issue to “apportionment@omb.eop.gov”. Please direct questions of a substantive nature to your OMB representative.

In a limited number of cases necessitated by extenuating circumstances, OMB may approve an apportionment by phone, e-mail, or other non-system methods. Once the extenuating circumstances have passed, agencies and OMB should process these same requests using the apportionment system.

### 120.17 Is there a standard, set number of lines to show in an apportionment request?

No. While the format of the request is fixed and uses specific columns to hold certain kinds of information, the number of lines used for a given TAFS varies considerably. The apportionment system allows you to pick from more than 125 different budgetary resource lines, but agencies will only want to show amounts on a few of these lines for any given TAFS. For example, a TAFS with only an annual appropriation may just use one budgetary resource line.

The system provides significant flexibility to allow agencies to put in other lines with zero amounts. For instance, an apportionment for a given TAFS might show all discretionary appropriations lines, but no mandatory appropriations lines. Agencies must work closely with their OMB representatives in determining which budgetary resource lines to show with zero amounts.

Exhibit 120A shows all possible line choices that are available in the apportionment system.

### 120.18 What header information at the top of the apportionment must I complete?

The header must provide the fiscal year for the apportionment and a public law. The public law reference may be descriptive if there are multiple public laws covered by the apportionment or if the annual appropriations act is not enacted. Some examples are:

- Funds provided by Public Law N/A – Carryover
- Funds provided by Public Law N/A – Multiple
120.19 What do I put in each column of the apportionment request?

Exhibit 120A shows all the columns used in an apportionment request. The columns show the TAFS; line number, description, and line split; previous approved, agency request, OMB action amounts and footnotes; and, memo obligations. Each of these is described below.

TAFS. TAFS information appears in columns A through F of apportionment requests. The columns show: Treasury agency; period of availability (FY1 and FY2); and allocation account and sub-account, if applicable. For presentation purposes, these columns are often hidden. You can unhide these columns if necessary. As part of validating requests or sending requests, the system checks that these columns are filled out properly; if they are not, the system provides an error message.

Line numbers. Exhibit 120A shows a complete list of line numbers and descriptions.

Line splits. You must provide line split in the following cases:

- The IterNo (Iteration Number) line shows the number of times OMB has approved (apportioned) an apportionment for a given TAFS in a fiscal year. No action is necessary if you use the Create Template function in the apportionment system as a starting point for preparing your requests. The apportionment system automatically puts in the Iteration Number in the line split column, as well as puts the last approval date in the line stub column.

- The RptCat line indicates whether the TAFS uses Program Reporting Categories. Use "YES" or "NO", as appropriate, for the line split column.

- The AdjAut line indicates whether OMB has approved a footnote in the application of budgetary resources section (footnote indicator that starts with A) on the apportionment specific types of adjustments to be made without submitting a reapportionment request. Use "YES" or "NO", as appropriate, for the line split column. (See Section 120.50.)

- Line 1000 shows unobligated balances. For unobligated balances in no-year and multi-year TAFSs with both mandatory and discretionary funding, you must use a line split that starts with the letter "D" to show the portion of the balances that are discretionary. To distinguish between estimated and actual balances, use line splits of "E" to show estimated balances or "A" to show actual balances. Use "DE" or "DA" to indicate estimated from actual discretionary balances, respectively (section 120.20).

You may use the line splits to distinguish between two or more amounts that you would otherwise put on a single line. For example, you may use line splits to distinguish between two or more sources of collections, to distinguish between unobligated balances from reimbursable authority versus direct appropriations, or even to distinguish sequestration amounts on an apportionment.

You cannot use line number splits for the Application of Budgetary Resources section.

Previous Approved Amount.

- Leave the column blank for the first request you submit for a given fiscal year. See Exhibits 120C, and 120D, and 120F for examples of an annual (one-year) appropriation, a no-year appropriation, and appropriations provided by a continuing resolution.
• Include amounts from the "OMB Action" column of the previously approved apportionment within the same fiscal year. This includes any adjustments under sections 120.49 or any other adjustment authority granted to you by OMB in writing (120.50).

• When appropriations are enacted following one or more CRs, include the amounts from the last CR in this column (see section 120.61) unless otherwise required by your RMO.

**Previous Approved Footnote Indicator.** For reapportionment requests add the indicator, e.g., A1, B1\B2, which indicates that a footnote(s) appears on the previous approved footnote worksheet tab. If your earlier apportionment had footnotes, the worksheet tab will be automatically populated by the apportionment system.

**Agency Request.** Include the amounts you are requesting in this column.

**Agency Footnote Indicator.** Include an indicator, e.g., A1, B1, which indicates that a footnote appears on the agency footnote tab. See section 120.34 for more information on footnotes.

**OMB Action.** The apportionment system places formulas in the OMB Action column to set it equal to the Agency Request column. OMB will adjust the OMB Action values as necessary when reviewing and approving your request.

**OMB Footnote Indicator.** Include an indicator, e.g., A1, B1, which indicates that a footnote appears on the approved footnote tab. The footnotes in the OMB Footnote column override all other footnotes.

**Memo Obligations.** Include memorandum obligations in this column. Also include the date of the obligations using the MM-DD-YYYY format on the RptCat row. The memo obligations support your reapportionment request.

**120.20 Do I need to follow special conventions to show the portion of discretionary balances in split accounts (TAFS with both mandatory and discretionary funds)?**

Yes. For unobligated balances in no-year and multi-year TAFSs with both mandatory and discretionary funding (split accounts), you must show the discretionary portion of the balances by using a line split that starts with the letter "D". You will do this solely on Line 1000, Unobligated balance, brought forward, Oct. 1. You must also change the Line Stub to start with the word Discretionary, e.g., Discretionary Unobligated balance, brought forward, Oct. 1. Many agencies use line splits of "E" or "A" to distinguish Estimated from Actual balances, respectively. In these cases, you would use "DE" or "DA" to indicate estimated from actual discretionary balances, respectively.

**120.21 Can I use amounts that include decimal points or cents in an apportionment?**

No. You must round all amounts to a dollar in apportionment requests. In addition, you may not round amounts to thousands. If you need to round up, the delta between the actual cents and the amount apportioned is not available for obligation and your funds control system must reflect that. Additionally, you should footnote the apportionment to describe the rounding. A single footnote specifying the difference between the rounded and unrounded amounts is acceptable.

**120.22 Should I use a specific numeric format in the Excel file that holds my request?**

Yes, you must use whole numbers (decimal points are not permitted) or blanks in numeric columns. Numeric columns include the Previous Approved Amount, Agency Request, OMB Action, and Memorandum Obligations columns. Numbers (including zero) must be formatted using the number
format with thousands separator (a comma), and with a leading negative sign (-). You cannot use asterisk, special characters, or letters in numeric columns of any apportionment request. Further, you cannot format a number, zero or otherwise, to appear as an asterisk or other special character. There is a single exception. In the memorandum obligations column only, you may use a date format on the RptCat line.

120.23 When are apportionments due at OMB for a new fiscal year?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If ...</th>
<th>Then, submit your first apportionment request by...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Any part of the budgetary resources for a TAFS is not determined by current action of the Congress (such as permanent appropriations, public enterprise and other revolving funds subject to apportionment, reimbursements and other income, and balances of prior year budget authority)</td>
<td>August 21, as required by 31 U.S.C. 1513(b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All or any part of the budgetary resources for a TAFS are determined by current action of the Congress</td>
<td>August 21, or within 10 calendar days after the enactment of the appropriation or substantive acts providing new budget authority (i.e., authorization bills), whichever is later</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

After August 21, OMB requires an explanation for any delayed initial apportionment requests in accounts with budgetary resources not dependent on current action of the Congress.

We encourage you to begin preparation of apportionments and related materials as soon as the House and Senate have reached agreement on funding levels. In this way, you can make a timely submission of your request to OMB, and OMB can have adequate time for its review.

120.24 When is the apportionment system open for a new fiscal year?

The apportionment system will open to agencies to start preparing requests no later than August 1 (or the following business day). Agencies can submit their requests starting August 8.

120.25 Can I combine TAFSs on the apportionment?

No. From time to time, agencies ask whether they can combine the amounts from two or more TAFS, and submit an apportionment for this single "combined" TAFS. Agencies may not do this because the apportionments must tie back to the statutory authority, which explicitly makes distinctions between accounts and defines the period of availability of the funds in the accounts. These are the same pieces of information that distinguish one TAFS from another.

120.26 Should I assemble apportionment requests for multiple TAFSs in a single package or file?

Yes, unless your OMB representative determines otherwise. To the extent practical, submit apportionment requests for each independent agency, departmental bureau, or similar subdivision together.
120.27 Can I cross-check information in the Budgetary Resources section?

Yes. You can cross-check information in certain cases against the President's Budget or the most recent SF 133 Reports. In addition, for general fund TAFSs, you should check that appropriations and warrants by Treasury (if any) are consistent and you can check that actual non-expenditure transfers match transfers processed at Treasury. See https://max.omb.gov/community/x/HAAQAw.

120.28 Who can approve the apportionment request for the agency?

Agencies must use appropriate internal controls in preparing apportionment requests, and specifically ensure that the agency official with authority to review and approve the request has done so. The approving official at the agency is not required to sign the request that is sent to OMB, but may do so if required by the agency's internal controls or if requested by the OMB examining division. OMB's apportionment system does not accommodate electronic signatures of agency officials.

120.29 Who is responsible for preparing the apportionment request for allocation (parent/child) accounts?

Allocation accounts involve both a "parent" appropriation and a "child" recipient of budgetary resources via an allocation non-expenditure transfer. For instance, if an appropriation is enacted to the Funds Appropriated to the President's International Military Education and Training account (11-1081 /X), and a subsequent allocation is made to the Department of the Army (Treasury agency 21), then the allocation non-expenditure transfer from 11-1081 /X to Army would be as follows: 11-1081 /X transfer to 21-11-1081 /X.

Unless OMB determines otherwise, the agency that receives the appropriation to be allocated (the "parent") should submit a single, consolidated apportionment request that encompasses both the parent TAFS and all the allocated recipient "child" agencies and/or bureau TAFS (see Exhibit 120P for an example that uses line splits to distinguish between the parent and children on the apportionment). Additionally, allocation transfers are normally apportioned at the same category level as the parent account (e.g., Category A, B, AB, or C). The agency administering the parent TAFS will indicate to the receiving agency what portion of the consolidated apportionment is transferred to the allocation TAFS.

Allocation account apportionments, however, can be done in different ways. See Exhibit 120R for an example of a parent-only allocation apportionment and Exhibit 120Q for an example of a child-only allocation transfer apportionment.

The parent agency must ensure that the recipients are provided the approved apportionment request on a timely basis. Obligations incurred for the program as a whole are limited by the approved apportionment. Receiving agencies will be responsible for keeping obligations within the amount so specified in the apportionment or to the amount transferred to it from the parent.

If you have an apportionment that includes allocations, your RMO representative may require you to include a worksheet, named Allocations, to show the required information. The name of the worksheet must be Allocations and cannot be changed. (See Exhibit 120S.) You do not need to include an Allocations worksheet if you are not using allocations.

In order for the transfers to crosswalk correctly in the SF 133 and President's Budget, please ensure that both the parent and child use the appropriate USSGL for allocation transfers (http://www.fms.treas.gov/ussgl/index.html).
SUBMITTING APPORTIONMENT REQUESTS

120.30 How do I submit apportionment requests to OMB?

Agencies will typically use OMB's web-based apportionment system to submit their apportionment requests to OMB (see section 120.32 for getting permission in the system to send). In those circumstances when you are unable to use the web-based system, e-mail the Excel file containing your request to your OMB representative. You will almost always be required to send OMB an electronic copy of the apportionment request. In some cases, the OMB representative may request you to provide a hard copy of the signed request.

120.31 What functions will I perform using the apportionment system?

OMB's web-based apportionment system is the primary system agencies will use to prepare, submit, and run reports on their apportionment requests. Staffers with authority to use the system may use the Support\Links tab to find detailed guidance on using the system.

Below is a brief overview of the major functions.

(a) Create template

Use the Create Template screen to get a starting point for your request. If the TAFS you are working with has already been apportioned in the fiscal year for which you are submitting a request, the system will create a properly formatted Excel file with the most recently approved information in the Previous Approved column. If the TAFS has not yet been apportioned or has never been apportioned, you can draw source data from a previous fiscal year and/or a different TAFS to provide a starting point for your request.

(b) Validate

After you have created a template and updated it to reflect the proper information for your request, use the Validate Request screen to do two things: check for any math or formatting errors, and if there are no errors, create a new file that is ready to be submitted to OMB. This file will have several Excel tabs that were not in your original template. It will have the tab called Appor_Req_to_OMB with the primary apportionment information. It will have a tab to hold any footnotes that OMB may wish to include with the apportionment. If any of the TAFSs in your file have warrants, transfers, or SF 133 data (excluding parent or child allocation accounts) for the fiscal year of your requests, the validated file will also have tabs to display these items. You will need to download and save this file wherever you keep your apportionment files.

(c) Send

If your agency administrator has given you the ability to send requests, you can use the Send tab to send files to OMB, or in some cases, to send files to a central office in your agency that will approve requests and send them to OMB.

(d) Run reports

At any time, you can go to the Run Reports tab to find information associated with your apportionment request, including the latest approved amounts, the latest submission and approval dates, etc.
120.32 How do I gain access to the apportionment system?

The apportionment system can be found here: https://max.omb.gov/exercises/apportionment

In order to use the apportionment system to prepare requests and run reports, you must have a MAX User ID and your agency administrator must add you to one or more apportionment groups. Your administrator may also choose to give you the ability to submit requests to OMB.

You can register for a MAX User ID here: https://max.omb.gov/maxportal/registrationForm.action

You can find your agency administrator here:

https://max.omb.gov/maxportal/sa/findAgencyAdminForm.do

120.33 Are there situations when I would not use the apportionment system?

In limited circumstances during a continuing resolution period, OMB will sometimes apportion certain types of budgetary resources, such as spending authority from offsetting collections, using a blanket written letter apportionment. Once appropriations are enacted, agencies must submit requests using the OMB apportionment system. Consult your OMB representative for more information.

FOOTNOTES TO APPORTIONMENTS

120.34 What are apportionment footnotes (and footnote indicators)?

The request tab of an apportionment includes columns for previously approved amounts, agency request, and OMB action. Next to each of these columns, in turn, is a column for a footnote indicator. The use of a footnote indicator on the request tab, e.g., A1, B1, indicates that one or more footnotes are associated with that line.

Footnotes appear as textual descriptions on specific tabs in the apportionment file, and typically provide additional information or direction associated with one or more lines on the request. A request includes separate footnote tabs associated with amounts in the previously approved request column, agency requests column, and OMB Action column. Footnotes are divided into two basic groups: footnotes for apportioned amounts (in the Application of Budgetary Resources section), and informational footnotes for budgetary resources.

Footnotes for Apportioned Amounts (Application of Budgetary Resources section). Each footnote indicator in this section begins with the letter A. These footnotes are associated with one or more lines in the Application of Budgetary Resources section (the bottom section of the apportionment, OMB action column), have legal effect, and are subject to the Antideficiency Act. For example, a footnote may allow for an upward adjustment of budgetary resources in excess of amounts prescribed in section 120.49 without the need for further action by OMB.

Footnotes for Budgetary Resources (Budgetary Resources section). Each footnote indicator in this section begins with the letter B. These footnotes are informational and are associated with one or more lines in the Budgetary Resources section (the top section of the apportionment). For example, a footnote may identify the source of offsetting collections or explain the basis for amounts on a recovery line. Because these footnotes are not in the Application of Budgetary Resources section (e.g., apportioned), they have no legal effect.
**Indicators for footnotes.** Footnotes are designated (indicated) through a letter/number combination. Each footnote indicator starts with a letter A or B (A for apportioned amounts in the application of budgetary resource section; B for budgetary resource), which is followed by a one- or two-digit number: e.g., B1. If a single line has more than one footnote, separate the indicators with commas: A1, A2, A3.

You can find more detailed implementation guidance in OMB's secure, web-based apportionment system under the "Open Support / Links" tab in navigation menu.

**120.35 Do footnotes starting with the letter A correspond to Category A apportioned amounts while those starting with the letter B relate to Category B apportioned amounts?**

No. Footnote indicators associated with lines in the Budgetary Resources section start with the letter B. Footnote indicators associated with lines in the Application of Budgetary Resources section (apportioned amounts) start with the letter A (irrespective of whether apportioned amounts are Category A, B, AB, or C).

**120.36 Will footnotes and attachments become part of the apportionment?**

Yes. Unless otherwise specified on the apportionment, the apportionment approved by an OMB official and all attachments transmitted to the agency that are cited in the apportionment become part of the apportionment and are subject to the Antideficiency Act (including footnotes in the Application of Budgetary Resources section). Any cover letter is not part of the apportionment.

Apportionments must clearly state if any tabs or cited attachments are not subject to the Antideficiency Act. An example of a statement to use in the apportionment is as follows: "This attachment is not subject to 31 U.S.C. 1517".

**120.37 What footnotes are required for agencies to include in their apportionment requests?**

There is no universal requirement to include footnotes in an apportionment request. Many apportionments are approved without footnotes. Here are examples of cases where you use footnotes:

- If you submit an apportionment request and OMB included footnotes in the OMB Footnotes tab of the last approved apportionment, the previously approved footnote indicators must appear in the Prev Footnote column and the text must appear in the Previously Approved Footnotes tab.

- If a particular TAFS has a standard footnote year after year, retain it in your request unless you have consulted with OMB.

- Include any footnotes your OMB examining division has specifically directed you to include.

- Unless OMB determines otherwise, when amounts are automatically apportioned (as specified in sections **120.49**, **120.50** (if applicable) or section **185.20**) and there is a subsequent need for reapportionment, show automatically apportioned amounts in the previously approved column. Include a footnote noting where changes have been previously made as automatic apportionments.

**120.38 What footnotes are recommended for agencies to include in their apportionment requests?**

Agencies may footnote each apportionment for annual and/or multi-year TAFS only (not necessary for no-year TAFS) if you believe that the current TAFS will be needed to liquidate canceled appropriations. In those cases, use the following footnote:
"Pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1553(b), not to exceed one percent of the total appropriations for this account is apportioned for the purpose of paying legitimate obligations related to canceled appropriations."

APPROVING APPORTIONMENT REQUESTS

120.39 How will OMB indicate its approval of an apportionment?

When OMB approves an apportionment through the apportionment system, you will receive an e-mail with the approved Excel file attached. The e-mail will be from 'FN-OMB-Apportionment', and the subject line will include the words 'Approved Apportionment'.

- The Excel file will include a tab called 'Approval Info', which shows the name, title, and digital signature imprint of the OMB official who approved the apportionment, as well as other pertinent information.
  - The official who approves the apportionment may affix her or his electronic signature to the request; or
  - The official approving a request may sign a paper copy in ink and instruct a staffer to put a digitized picture of the official’s signature (along with a note saying which staffer affixed the signature) on the apportionment.

In some cases, the 'Approval Info' tab may not be present. In those cases, OMB will e-mail or fax or hard copy of the apportionment that displays the signature of the approving OMB official.

The Excel file is locked, and should be opened in read-only mode. OMB maintains a copy of the approved apportionment in its secure, web-based system. OMB also maintains the signed-in-ink apportionment in those cases when a designated staffer affixes an official's digitized signature to the apportionment. As OMB continues to transition from using ink signatures to using digital authoritative marks, you may receive apportionments that have been approved using either method.

OMB may also choose to indicate its approval of an apportionment in other ways, including by letter, telephone, hard copy, or other method that is appropriate to the particular circumstance.

120.40 When can I expect OMB to approve my first apportionment request for the fiscal year?

If a TAFS has any budgetary resources that are not determined by current actions of the Congress (e.g., permanent appropriations, carryover of unobligated balances, anticipated collections), OMB will notify you of the action taken on your first apportionment request for the fiscal year by September 10, as required by law (for requests submitted by the August 21 deadline specified by law). For TAFSs that have budgetary resources solely as a result of current action by the Congress (e.g., TAFSs where the only budgetary resource is a discretionary appropriation), OMB will notify you of the action taken on your request by September 10 for requests submitted by August 21 or within 30 calendar days after the approval of the act providing new budget authority, whichever is later.
120.41 In the case of newly enacted full-year appropriations, am I under an automatic apportionment until OMB approves my first apportionment request?

Yes. Under this section, newly enacted full-year appropriations are automatically apportioned the prorata share (1/365th for each day) of the current year's enacted appropriation level (1/366th for a leap-year).

Agencies are automatically apportioned 30 calendar days of funds calculated using the above rate pending OMB's approval of the agency's first apportionment request (see section 120.23). The 30 days begin on the date of enactment of a full-year appropriation. If OMB has not approved a request on the 30th day after enactment, agencies are automatically apportioned another 30 days of funds using the above rate (and so on). Once an account-specific apportionment is approved by OMB, the automatic apportionment ceases to remain in effect.

If an agency has not yet submitted its initial apportionment request to OMB within the first 30-day automatic apportionment period, the agency must provide an explanation of the delay to its OMB representative.

Under this automatic apportionment, all of the footnotes and conditions placed on prior year apportionments remain in effect. Unless OMB determines otherwise, agencies may not initiate new starts (e.g., programs, projects, grants) using this automatic authority. This guidance applies strictly to all budgetary resources provided by annual, full-year appropriations bills, and not other budgetary resources.

Additionally, pursuant to sections 120.7 and 120.57, carryover amounts are automatically apportioned at zero until an account-specific apportionment is issued for such amounts.

OMB may apportion differently for accounts that received OMB-approved exception apportionments under a short-term continuing resolution (CR). If your account received an exception apportionment under the CR, see the OMB bulletin on the apportionment of the short-term CR and consult your OMB representative for further guidance.

Automatic apportionment does not apply to any budgetary resource provided by authorizing legislation or by reauthorizations that affect appropriated resources, such as the farm bill or surface transportation reauthorizations.

AFTER YOU HAVE RECEIVED YOUR APPROVED APPORTIONMENT

120.42 How should I execute the apportionment?

You must execute your programs as apportioned and in accordance with all applicable laws. The authorization and / or appropriation language describes the purpose of the program(s) the TAFS will carry out, and may include guidance for you to follow in executing these programs.

Your apportionment dictates how you must execute programs and control funds. You may only obligate funds within:

- budgetary resources apportioned and realized;
- amounts apportioned by fiscal quarter (Category A);
- amounts apportioned by program, project, or activity (Category B);
- amounts apportioned by fiscal quarters and programs, projects, or activities (Category AB); and guidance provided in OMB approved footnotes in the Application of Budgetary Resources section.
120.43 What if I think that I may have obligated more than the amounts apportioned?


120.44 Must I control funds below the apportionment level?

Yes. Your agency's fund control regulations, as approved by OMB, dictate how you must control funds. See section 150.

120.45 How should I allot once I receive an apportionment?

The agency system of administrative control of funds must be designed to keep obligations and expenditures from exceeding apportionments and allotments or from exceeding budgetary resources available for obligation, whichever is smaller, so as to avoid Antideficiency Act violations. See section 150.

120.46 How do I treat anticipated budgetary resources that are apportioned in the current fiscal year but not yet realized, and do I need to be reapportion them once realized?

Even when anticipated budgetary resources have been apportioned in the current fiscal year, you may not obligate against these resources before the resources have been realized (and, thus, you may not obligate against the resources in an amount that exceeds the amount that has been realized). For example, if OMB has apportioned anticipated budget authority from the agency's collection of user fees, you may not obligate against those user fees until you have collected them (and, thus, you may not incur obligations that exceed the amounts that have been collected).

Apportioned anticipated budgetary resources, once realized, do not need to be reapportioned unless the amount realized exceeds the conditions on the total amount apportioned (see section 120.49).

120.47 What is the relationship between the apportionment and the Funds Control System?

The agency's system of administrative control of funds (see section 150 and Appendix H) should be designed to keep obligations from exceeding apportioned amounts, allotments, suballotments, and other administrative subdivisions of funds. This funds-control system also should be designed to keep obligations from exceeding budgetary resources that have been realized, and should be able to track obligations by program reporting categories used in the apportionment.

The funds-control system must track obligations to make sure obligated levels do not exceed:

- budgetary resources apportioned; amounts provided by fiscal quarter in Category A;
- amounts provided by program in Category B;
- amounts provided by program in Category AB; and
- other restrictions placed in OMB approved footnotes in the Application of Budgetary Resources section

If the funds-control system cannot provide this control, the agency must develop other methods to perform this function, e.g., developing monitoring reports.
Since footnotes are not often implemented in an agency's financial system, the agency's budget, finance, and procurement staff need to be aware of and understand the directions and restrictions provided in footnotes.

Your agency's accounting system must fully support the fund-control system (see Appendix H).

**CHANGES TO PREVIOUSLY APPROVED APPORTIONMENTS FOR THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR**

**120.48 What types of situations could require me to request a new apportionment?**

Submit a reapportionment request to OMB when:

- Your budgetary resources have increased since your previous apportionment for the fiscal year (Examples: actual reimbursements differ significantly from estimates, newly enacted legislation provides more resources);
- You want to obligate against the increased resources in the same fiscal year;
- The increase is not covered by the exceptions in sections 120.49 or 120.50 (if applicable); or
- Programmatic changes result in a need for an adjustment in the apportionment.

In order to allow time for action by OMB, submit such requests well in advance of the time that the revised amounts, to be apportioned, are needed for obligation (an apportionment for a specific time period, such as for a specific quarter of the current fiscal year, may not be changed after the end of that period).

When emergencies, such as those involving the safety of human life or the protection of property, require immediate action, you may request, and OMB may approve, a reapportionment by telephone, e-mail or fax. As soon thereafter as it is practical, submit apportionment requests reflecting such action.

For credit program and financing TAFSs, submit an apportionment request for subsidy reestimates at the beginning of each fiscal year (starting with the fiscal year following the year in which a disbursement is made) as long as the loans are outstanding (see sections 185.17 and 185.18). Also submit an apportionment request for subsidy modifications when the modification is approved by OMB (see section 185.21). Credit program and financing TAFSs are also subject to the standard reapportionment requirements described above (see sections 185.14 through 185.21 for further guidance on apportioning credit accounts).

Submit an apportionment request within 10 calendar days after approval of an appropriation or substantive act providing budget authority, where such authority is enacted after the first apportionment for the year has been made (except as specified in section 120.49). We encourage you to begin preparation of apportionments and related materials as soon as the House and Senate have reached agreement on funding levels.

In some cases, you will need to submit your first apportionment request before the unobligated balance brought forward has been precisely determined. If the unobligated balance brought forward, as shown on the latest approved apportionment schedule, is larger than the unobligated balance at the end of the preceding year, as reported on the final SF 133 for that year, and the difference is larger than the amount specified in section 120.49, OMB must approve the apportionment request before you can obligate the additional funds.
120.49 What adjustments can I make without submitting a reapportionment request?

After the first apportionment for the fiscal year, downward adjustments of any amount to budgetary resources (including anticipated amounts) do not need to be reapportioned, unless specifically required by OMB or, at the agency’s discretion, for funds control purposes. Apportioned anticipated budgetary resources, once realized, do not need to be reapportioned unless the amount realized exceeds the conditions on the total amount apportioned, as noted below.

After the first apportionment for the fiscal year, unless OMB determines otherwise, you may adjust apportioned amounts upwards without submitting a reapportionment request by up to $400,000 or two percent of the amount of total budgetary resources, whichever is lower, to reflect:

- Upward adjustments in the amount of unobligated balances brought forward;
- Increases in amounts of budget authority transfers or balance transfers; or
- Increases in amounts of actual budgetary resources that are realized above anticipated amounts.

You may only adjust apportioned amounts when OMB apportions either a single program, project, or activity (Category B) or, if the total amount is apportioned, by quarter (Category A or Category AB). When amounts are apportioned by quarter, you must adjust the apportioned amounts in the quarter that is current when you record the resource. For example, if anticipated collections were apportioned in the third quarter but the increased amount above the anticipated collections (still within the lower of $400,000 or two percent) were not realized until the fourth quarter; record the resource in the fourth quarter, not the third.

In credit financing TAFSs, additional amounts for the payment of interest to Treasury are automatically apportioned (section 185.19).

You cannot make any adjustments under this section when OMB apportions funds for two or more categories on the same apportionment, such as Category A and Category B, or Category A and Category AB, or two or more Category Bs, etc. In these types of apportioned TAFS, you must submit a reapportionment request to OMB or otherwise have prior OMB approval (e.g., through an OMB footnote in the Application of Budgetary Resources section that starts with the indicator of A) to adjust apportioned amounts upward.

120.50 What other types of adjustments can I request OMB to allow me to make without submitting a new apportionment request?

You may make other specific types of adjustments to apportionments without submitting a reapportionment request if specified in a footnote in the Application of Budgetary Resources section (footnote indicator starts with letter A) on the most recently approved apportionment or otherwise approved in writing by OMB. For example, OMB may include on an approved apportionment a footnote (with a corresponding YES in the Line Split column of the Adjustment Authority Provided row) which states that, to the extent provided in law, actual earned reimbursements are automatically apportioned without further OMB action.

In order to facilitate OMB approval of your apportionment request, your apportionment request must indicate that you have previously received, or are requesting, OMB approval to use this authority.
120.51 What is the status of previously approved apportionments when a new apportionment is approved in the same fiscal year?

Each new apportionment in a fiscal year supersedes previous apportionment action taken earlier that year.

APPORTIONMENTS BY TIME PERIOD

120.52 Will OMB apportion funds into future fiscal years?

Yes. OMB will sometimes apportion multi-year/no-year funds into future fiscal years (OMB cannot apportion one-year funds into a future fiscal year).

The Congress appropriates funds on a multi-year and no-year basis with the expectation that the funds will be obligated over more than one fiscal year. OMB will apportion these TAFSs beyond the current fiscal year where financial requirements are known in advance and it makes programmatic sense to do so.

When you plan to obligate amounts appropriated in a no-year or multi-year TAFS over more than one fiscal year, make sure that the apportionment request shows the full amount appropriated and available for obligation in the current fiscal year. The request must also include planned obligations for the current year and amounts planned for obligation in future fiscal years.

Note: apportionments last no longer than one fiscal year. Funds must be apportioned at the beginning of each fiscal year in accordance with sections 120.7 and 120.57.

120.53 How do I present deferrals or proposed rescissions on my request?

If your request contains a proposed rescission or deferral, you must use lines 6180 Withheld pending rescission or 6181 Deferred. In addition, you must submit a rescission or deferral report that outlines the reasons for and the effects of the proposed action. (See section 112 for further information on amounts not apportioned and preparing rescission/deferral reports.) Do not use these lines on your apportionment without first consulting with your OMB representative.

120.54 Can my request include amounts exempt from apportionment?

Yes. If some budgetary resources in your TAFS are subject to apportionment but other resources are exempt, you must show the exempt resources on line 6183 Exempt from apportionment.

120.55 Can OMB apportion a past period?

No. Apportionments are never subject to change after the period for which the apportionment is made (e.g., a prior fiscal year or a past quarter time period in the current fiscal year).

For instance, if your first quarter apportioned amount was overestimated but in a subsequent quarter the realized actuals were much lower than the estimated amount, you would do the following on the reapportionment:

- First quarter apportioned amount remains as previously apportioned;
- Current quarter (i.e., second, third or fourth) reflect a negative amount so as to net to the correct total amount that needs to be reapportioned.

See Exhibit 120K and 120H for examples.
120.56 Do unobligated resources apportioned in earlier time periods of the same fiscal year remain available?

Yes. When budgetary resources are apportioned for time periods of less than a fiscal year (for example, fiscal quarters), any apportioned amounts that have not been obligated at the end of any period will remain available for obligation through the remainder of the current fiscal year without being reapportioned, unless otherwise specified on the apportionment. However, this rule does not apply to unobligated balances apportioned during a short-term continuing resolution that is followed immediately by a lapse in appropriations.

120.57 Must I request that funds apportioned in one fiscal year be apportioned in the next fiscal year if the funds were not obligated and remain available?

Yes. When budgetary resources remain available (unexpired) beyond the end of a fiscal year, you must submit a new apportionment request for the upcoming fiscal year. You cannot incur obligations in any year absent an approved apportionment for that year. For instance, if OMB apportioned $1 million for a no-year TAFS in FY 2017 and you obligated no funds, you must still submit an FY 2018 request and receive OMB approval of that request before incurring obligations in FY 2018. Until you receive an account-specific apportionment from OMB, the amount of carryover apportioned is zero dollars. In addition, apportioned anticipated or estimated resources are not available for obligation until the resources are realized.

120.58 What is the status of approved apportionments from a previous fiscal year on apportionments in the current fiscal year?

New apportionment action for a fiscal year is independent of all apportionment actions of the previous year, including the apportionment of amounts under Category C in the previous fiscal year.

120.59 How does the last approved apportionment govern the actions a TAFS takes when the TAFS enters the expired phase?

Every annual and multi-year TAFS, as well as some no-year TAFSs, has a finite period of time to incur an obligation; this is called the unexpired phase. OMB only apportions TAFSs when they are in the unexpired phase.

When shifting to the expired phase, a TAFS can only make adjustments to obligations made in the unexpired phase. Activity in the expired phase of a TAFS is governed by the last approved apportionment.

APPORTIONMENTS AFFECTED BY THE CONTINUING RESOLUTION (CR)

120.60 During a CR, what happens to TAFS that were apportioned before the start of a fiscal year (e.g., no-year TAFS)?

When budgetary resources (e.g., unobligated balances, spending authority from offsetting collections, anticipated transfers, etc.) are apportioned prior to the start of a fiscal year, those apportionments remain in effect even if a CR is enacted, unless otherwise directed by OMB.

However, you must submit a new apportionment request to OMB if:
• The CR changes the funding level or alters the program mix that OMB apportioned (e.g., the Congress rescinds unobligated balances during the CR period or zero-funds a program that OMB previously apportioned); or

• Changes occur that affect the budgetary resources apportioned as described in sections 120.48 through 120.50 (e.g., actual reimbursements differ significantly from estimates).

The automatic apportionment approved by OMB after enactment of a short-term CR covers only the budgetary resources provided by the short-term CR. Some TAFS may receive funds provided by the CR in addition to budgetary resources provided by other acts. These TAFS receive both the automatic apportionment for the CR funds and any budgetary resources apportioned before the start of the fiscal year (e.g., unobligated balance carried forward).

120.61 After a CR has been replaced by a full-year enacted appropriation, what do I show in the Previous Approved column?

Unless otherwise requested by your RMO, in the Previous Approved column show all budgetary resources and apportioned amounts since the start of the fiscal year through the last day of the CR, including the amounts automatically apportioned pursuant to section 120.41. For example, amounts on line 1100, discretionary appropriations, should show the short-term CR’s calculated rate for operations. Additionally, a footnote on line 1134, Appropriations precluded from obligation, should state the following: "Amount on line 1134 has been adjusted pursuant to OMB Bulletin XX-XX and A-11 section 120.41." (see exhibit 120H). For instance, if budgetary resources such as unobligated balances were apportioned by OMB and the TAFS also received automatically apportioned CR funds via OMB bulletin(s) and section 120.41, you must show both types of budgetary resources on your apportionment request.

120.62 After a short-term CR has been replaced by a full-year enacted appropriation, what do I show in the agency request column?

In the agency request column show all budgetary resources and application of budgetary resources for the entire fiscal year, beginning from the start of the fiscal year. See section 120.55 and Exhibit 120H if you received OMB concurrence during the short-term CR period to record your lump-sum automatic apportionment as Category A.

WHAT OTHER IMPORTANT THINGS DO I NEED TO KNOW ABOUT APPORTIONMENTS?

120.63 What types of resources are apportioned by OMB?

The following resources are apportioned by OMB:

• Budgetary resources.
• Non-budgetary resources (such as foreign currency, quotas, etc.).
• Non-financial resources (such as personnel and motor vehicles).
• OMB may apportion an agency's other authority (pursuant to statutory authority) in whatever form it may take.

120.64 Are all apportionments based on authority to incur obligations?

OMB usually apportions the budgetary resources of a TAFS with respect to the authority to incur new obligations.
However, OMB may apportion budgetary resources on a pre-obligation basis, such as "commitments," which, if used, are made before obligations are incurred. If OMB apportions on a basis other than obligations, you should continue to include your usual obligations in the GTAS system, but in addition, you must report a GTAS footnote regarding the status of the non-obligation apportioned items, i.e., footnote the amount of "commitments" incurred against the amount shown on the apportionment.

120.65 How do I treat extensions of the availability of unobligated balances in an apportionment?

Reappropriations (see section 20.4(h)) are recorded on lines 1105 Discretionary Reappropriation or 1204 Mandatory Reappropriation. For example, an apportionment for FY 2018 should reflect an estimate of the amount to be reappropriated from the estimated expiring FY 2017 balances. A reapportionment may be required after the actual amount of the expiring balances is known. You may wish to reflect these amounts on either lines 1134 Discretionary appropriations precluded from obligation or 1235 Mandatory appropriations precluded from obligation, until an appropriate time after the required reprogramming notice has been transmitted to the Congress.

Balance transfer amounts from expired to unexpired funds, are reflected on line 1012 Unobligated balance transfers between expired and unexpired accounts.

HANDLING DEFICIENCIES IN APPORTIONMENTS

120.66 When do I submit requests anticipating the need for the Congress to enact supplemental budget authority?

Submit requests anticipating the need for the Congress to enact supplemental budget authority only under exceptional circumstances as authorized by law. The Antideficiency Act (31 U.S.C. 1515) permits apportionments to be made on such a deficient-rate basis that indicates the need for the Congress to enact supplemental budget authority only when:

- Laws enacted after submission to the Congress of the estimates for an appropriation that requires an expenditure beyond administrative control.
- Emergencies arise involving:
  - (1) the safety of human life,
  - (2) the protection of property, or
  - (3) the immediate welfare of individuals in cases where an appropriation that would allow the United States to pay, or contribute to, amounts required to be paid to individuals in specific amounts fixed by law or under formulas prescribed by law, is insufficient.

When you submit a requested apportionment that indicates a necessity for the enactment of supplemental appropriations, include the following notation on the apportionment request:

"This apportionment request indicates a necessity for a supplemental appropriation now estimated at $________."

Submit the apportionment request to OMB along with your agency head's determination of the reasons for a deficiency apportionment, as required by law (31 U.S.C. 1515). The statement of necessity will read as follows:
"I hereby determine that it is necessary to request apportionment of the appropriation '(appropriation title)' on a basis that indicates the necessity for a supplemental estimate of appropriations, because .... [cite one of the allowable reasons mentioned above]."

Usually, you will reflect the need for a supplemental appropriation in quarterly apportionments by making the request for the fourth quarter less than the amount that will be required. For apportionments by activities, verify that the amount requested for each activity provides for continuing that activity until the supplemental appropriation is expected to be enacted and become available. OMB approval of requests for a deficiency apportionment allows the agency to operate at a deficient rate of operations, but does not authorize the agency to exceed the total amount of the existing appropriation and of the resources that OMB has apportioned within a TAFS.

Fully justify the amount of any anticipated supplemental appropriation. Action on the apportionment request does not commit OMB to the amount of the supplemental appropriation that will be recommended subsequently to the President or transmitted to the Congress.

**PROGRAM REPORTING CATEGORIES**

120.67 What is the purpose of program reporting categories?

Program reporting categories show how agencies will report obligations on their SF 133 Reports on Budget Execution and Budgetary Resources (see section 130). Absent program reporting categories, agencies report obligations on their SF 133 reports in accordance with their approved apportionments. For instance, if OMB uses a single Category B project on the apportionment and does not use program reporting categories, the SF 133 report will show obligations on a single line.

You should use program reporting categories when you want obligations reported at a more detailed and programmatically meaningful manner than the apportioned lines would otherwise result in. If program reporting categories were used in the case above, the SF 133 report would show obligations on two or (most likely) more lines. For instance, if a Department of the Interior account had a single Category B project but program categories for maintaining land resources and protecting endangered species, the SF 133 report would distinguish obligations by these categories. While program reporting categories result in more detailed reporting on obligations, they do not control what the agency can obligate for these categories.

Most TAFSs do not use program reporting categories.

120.68 Do my estimates of program reporting category obligations limit the amount I can obligate?

No. Program reporting categories are not used to apportion funds, and are not subject to the Antideficiency Act.

120.69 What do OMB and the agency need to do to start using program reporting categories?

OMB and agencies work together to determine what program reporting categories agencies will report upon. Program reporting categories should be based on elements that agencies track in their financial systems. In some cases, you may choose to report upon the same programs that appear in the Program and Financing Schedule of the President's Budget.

Program reporting categories must be identified well in advance of the beginning of a fiscal year, and in advance of the time that agencies produce their first apportionment requests for the year. The reason is
that agencies need time to place entries in their financial systems to allow them to track these program categories throughout the year. Agencies may need considerable time (many months) to add new categories to their financial systems. One reason is that large numbers of staff including timekeepers, procurement staff, administrative officers, and others need to document the new program reporting categories, and train program office staff on how to use the new categories. In addition, agencies may need time to update their systems to extract the data.

120.70 How do I fill in the program reporting category tab?

The apportionment user's guide that appears on the support\links tab of the apportionment system describes how to fill in the program reporting category tab. The URL for the apportionment system is:

https://max.omb.gov/apportionment

120.71 Why does OMB send the names of program reporting categories and Category B projects to Treasury for use in GTAS?

OMB sends program reporting categories from approved apportionments to the Treasury Department's Financial Management Service (FMS), which operates the GTAS system that agencies use to report their SF 133 budget execution information. When reporting their obligations, GTAS provides agencies with the list of program reporting categories to report upon; these are the same program reporting categories that OMB provides from the apportionment attachments.

For those TAFSs that use Category B projects but do not use program reporting categories, OMB sends FMS the list of Category B projects for use in GTAS reporting.

OMB sends this information to FMS so OMB can use automated tools to align program reporting categories and Category B projects on the apportionments to the budget execution reports.

120.72 Can agencies add new program reporting categories or Category B projects when reporting their GTAS data?

Yes, but only when it makes sense to do so. Here are some examples.

First, if you are aware that OMB has apportioned funds using Category B projects that are not presented in GTAS, then you must add the missing Category B projects names, and report your obligations for those projects.

Second, if you are aware that OMB has used program reporting categories that are not presented in GTAS, then you should add the missing program reporting category names, and report the obligations for those program reporting categories.
## Apportionment Line Numbers

**FY 20xx Apportionment**

Funds provided by Public Law XXX-XXX

Identify in the header the law(s), if any, providing the budget authority.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line No</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
<th>Bureau/Account Title / Cat &amp; Sub / Line Split</th>
<th>Previous Approved</th>
<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>Agency Action</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**TAFS: 80-0100 /X**

This information is automatically generated upon file validation. This must match TAFS information for each row. Further note that this note applies to each exhibit hereafter though the TAFS information is not shown for each row.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IterNo</th>
<th>Last Approved Apportionment: N/A, First Request of year</th>
<th>Adjustment Authority provided</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### BUDGETARY RESOURCES

- **Unobligated balance:**
  - Unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1
  - [line split = E for estimate]
  - [line split = A for actual balance]

- **Nonexpenditure transfers:**
  - Unobligated balance transferred to other accounts (-)
  - Unobligated balance transferred from other accounts
  - Unobligated balance transfers between expired and unexpired accounts (+ or -)
  - Unobligated balance of contract authority transferred to or from other accounts (net) (+/-)

- **Adjusments:**
  - Adjustment of unobligated balance brought forward, Oct 1 (+ or -)
  - Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations
  - Capital transfer of unobligated balances to general fund (-)
  - Unobligated balances applied to repay debt (-)
  - Unobligated balance of borrowing authority withdrawn (-)
  - Unobligated balance of contract authority withdrawn (-)
  - Adjustment for change in allocation of trust fund limitation or foreign exchange valuation
  - Adjustment in unobligated balances for change in investments of zero coupon bonds (special and non-revolving trust funds)
  - Adjustment in unobligated balances for change in investments of zero coupon bonds (revolving funds)
  - Other balances withdrawn to Treasury (-)
  - Other balances withdrawn to special or trust funds (-)
  - Other balances not available (-)
  - Refunds and recoveries temporarily precluded from obligation (special and trust funds) (-)
  - Recoveries of prior year paid obligations
  - Unobligated balance precluded from obligation (limitation on obligations) (-)

- **Anticipated transfers and adjustments:**
  - Anticipated nonexpenditure transfers of unobligated balances (net) (+ or -)
  - Anticipated recoveries of prior year unpaid and paid obligations
  - Anticipated capital transfers and redemption of debt (unobligated balances) (-)

### Appropriations

- **Discretionary:**
  - Appropriation
  - Appropriation (special or trust fund)
  - Appropriation (previously unavailable)
  - Appropriation available from subsequent year
  - Appropriation available in prior year (-)
  - Appropriation precluded from obligation (-)
  - Appropriation applied to repay debt (-)
  - Appropriation used to liquidate contract authority (-)
  - Appropriations transferred to other accounts (-)

- **Nonexpenditure transfers:**
  - Appropriations transferred to other accounts (-)

- **Adjustments:**
  - Appropriations permanently reduced (-)
  - Appropriations temporarily reduced (-)
  - Appropriations precluded from obligation (-)
  - Appropriations applied to repay debt (-)
  - Appropriations reduced by offsetting collections (collected) or offsetting receipts (-)
  - Appropriations applied to liquidate contract authority (-)
  - Appropriations applied to liquidate contract authority withdrawn (-)
  - Appropriations substituted for borrowing authority (-)
  - Anticipated appropriations
  - Anticipated appropriation (+ or -)
  - Anticipated nonexpenditure transfers of appropriations (net) (+ or -)
  - Anticipated capital transfers and redemption of debt (appropriations) (-)
  - Anticipated reductions to appropriations by offsetting collections or offsetting receipts (-)
### BUDGETARY RESOURCES

#### Advance appropriations:
- Advance appropriation
- Advance appropriation (special or trust fund)

#### Nonexpenditure transfers:
- Advance appropriations transferred to other accounts (-)
- Advance appropriations transferred from other accounts

#### Adjustments:
- Advance appropriations permanently reduced (-)
- Advance appropriations temporarily reduced (-)

#### Anticipated advance appropriations:
- Anticipated nonexpenditure transfers of advance appropriations (net) (+ or -)

#### Mandatory:
- Appropriation
- Appropriation (special or trust fund)
- Appropriation (previously unavailable)
- Reappropriation

#### Nonexpenditure transfers:
- Appropriations transferred to other accounts (-)
- Appropriations transferred from other accounts

#### Adjustments:
- Appropriations and/or unobligated balance of appropriations permanently reduced (-)
- Appropriations and/or unobligated balance of appropriations temporarily reduced (-)
- Capital transfer of appropriations to general fund (-)
- Appropriations applied to repay debt (-)
- Appropriations applied to liquidate contract authority (-)
- Appropriations substituted for borrowing authority (-)

#### Anticipated appropriations:
- Anticipated appropriation (+ or -)
- Anticipated nonexpenditure transfers of appropriations (net) (+ or -)
- Anticipated capital transfers and redemption of debt (appropriations) (-)

#### Advance appropriations:
- Advance appropriation
- Advance appropriation (special and trust fund)

#### Nonexpenditure transfers:
- Advance appropriations transferred to other accounts (-)
- Advance appropriations transferred from other accounts

#### Adjustments:
- Advance appropriations permanently reduced (-)
- Advance appropriations temporarily reduced (-)
- Anticipated advance appropriations
- Anticipated nonexpenditure transfers of advance appropriations (net) (+ or -)

#### Borrowing authority:
- Borrowing authority
- Anticipated recoveries of prior year unpaid and paid obligations
- Anticipated borrowing authority:
- Anticipated borrowing authority (limitation on obligations) (-)
- Anticipated reductions to current fiscal year borrowing authority (-)

#### Contract authority:
- Contract authority
- Contract authority transferred to other accounts (-)

#### Adjustments:
- Contract authority and/or unobligated balance of contract authority permanently reduced (-)
- Contract authority permanently reduced from obligation (limitation on obligations) (-)
- Anticipated contract authority
- Anticipated adjustments to current year contract authority (+ or -)
## BUDGETARY RESOURCES

### Mandatory:
- 80 X 0100 1600 Contract authority
- 80 X 0100 1603 Contract authority (previously unavailable)

### Nonexpenditure transfers:
- 80 X 0100 1610 Contract authority transferred to other accounts (-)
- 80 X 0100 1611 Contract authority transferred from other accounts

### Adjustments:
- 80 X 0100 1620 Contract authority and/or unobligated balance of contract authority permanently reduced (-)
- 80 X 0100 1622 Contract authority precluded from obligation (limitation on obligations) (-)

### Anticipated contract authority:
- 80 X 0100 1630 Anticipated nonexpenditure transfers of contract authority (net) (+ or -)
- 80 X 0100 1631 Anticipated adjustments to current year contract authority (+ or -)

### Spending authority from offsetting collections:
- 80 X 0100 1700 Collected
- 80 X 0100 1701 Change in uncollected customer payments, Federal sources (+ or -)
- 80 X 0100 1702 Offsetting collections (previously unavailable)

### Nonexpenditure transfers:
- 80 X 0100 1710 Spending authority from offsetting collections transferred to other accounts (-)
- 80 X 0100 1711 Spending authority from offsetting collections transferred from other accounts

### Adjustments:
- 80 X 0100 1720 Capital transfer of spending authority from offsetting collections to general fund (-)
- 80 X 0100 1722 Spending authority from offsetting collections permanently reduced (-)
- 80 X 0100 1725 Spending authority from offsetting collections precluded from obligation (limitation on obligations) (-)
- 80 X 0100 1726 Spending authority from offsetting collections applied to liquidate contract authority (-)

### Anticipated spending authority from offsetting collections:
- 80 X 0100 1740 Anticipated collections, reimbursements, and other income
- 80 X 0100 1741 Anticipated nonexpenditure transfers of spending authority from offsetting collections (net) (+ or -)
- 80 X 0100 1742 Anticipated capital transfers and redemption of debt (spending authority from offsetting collections) (-)

### Mandatory:
- 80 X 0100 1800 Collected
- 80 X 0100 1801 Change in uncollected customer payments, Federal sources (+ or -)
- 80 X 0100 1802 Offsetting collections (previously unavailable)

### Nonexpenditure transfers:
- 80 X 0100 1810 Spending authority from offsetting collections transferred to other accounts (-)
- 80 X 0100 1811 Spending authority from offsetting collections transferred from other accounts

### Adjustments:
- 80 X 0100 1820 Capital transfer of spending authority from offsetting collections to general fund (-)
- 80 X 0100 1822 Spending authority from offsetting collections permanently reduced (-)
- 80 X 0100 1825 Spending authority from offsetting collections precluded from obligation (limitation on obligations) (-)

### Anticipated spending authority from offsetting collections:
- 80 X 0100 1840 Anticipated collections, reimbursements, and other income
- 80 X 0100 1841 Anticipated nonexpenditure transfers of spending authority from offsetting collections (net) (+ or -)
- 80 X 0100 1842 Anticipated capital transfers and redemption of debt (spending authority from offsetting collections) (-)

### Total budgetary resources available
- 80 X 0100 1920

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**EXHIBIT 120A—CONTINUED**

**APPORTIONMENT PROCESS**

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### APPLICATION OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES

**Appointed:**

- **Category A** (by quarter)
  - 1st quarter, Project 1
  - 2nd quarter, Project 1
  - 3rd quarter, Project 1
  - 4th quarter, Project 1

- **Category B** (by project)
  - 1st quarter, Project 1
  - 2nd quarter, Project 1
  - 3rd quarter, Project 1
  - 4th quarter, Project 1

- **Category C** (for future years)
  - 1st quarter, Project 12
  - 2nd quarter, Project 12
  - 3rd quarter, Project 12
  - 4th quarter, Project 12

**Guaranteed Loan Levels and Applications**

- **Guaranteed Loan Level**
  - Program Level, Current Year
  - Program Level, Unused from prior years

- **Application of Guaranteed Loan Limitation**
  - Application, Category A, First quarter
  - Application, Category A, Second quarter
  - Application, Category A, Third quarter
  - Application, Category A, Fourth quarter

- **Unappropriated:**
  - Withheld pending rescission
  - Deferred
  - Unappropriated balance of revolving fund
  - Exempt from apportionment

- **Total budgetary resources available**

- **Anticipated recoveries of prior year unpaid and paid obligations**

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**Notes:**

- X: Indicates line number
- 001: Line number
- 000: Line number
- 002: Line number
- 003: Line number
- 004: Line number
- 011: Line number
- 012: Line number
- 013: Line number
- 014: Line number
- 015: Line number
- 016: Line number
- 017: Line number
- 018: Line number
- 019: Line number
- 020: Line number
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- 097: Line number
- 098: Line number
- 099: Line number
- 100: Line number

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**OMB Circular No. A–11 (2017) Page 33 of Section 120**
## Program Reporting Categories Format

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Treasury Agency</th>
<th>Program Reporting Category</th>
<th>Projected, Annual Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FY 1</td>
<td>1 Salaries</td>
<td>400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY 2</td>
<td>2 All Other</td>
<td>80,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SF 132 Line</td>
<td>Cat A, Sub-total</td>
<td>480,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3 Research -- Air</td>
<td>8,880,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 Research -- Water</td>
<td>4,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5 Research -- All Other</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Research, Sub-total</td>
<td>12,880,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6 Development -- Air</td>
<td>5,450,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7 Development -- Water</td>
<td>4,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8 Development -- All Other</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Development, Sub-total</td>
<td>9,450,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Program reporting categories are not used to apportion funds, and are not subject to 31 USC 1517.

When the Report Cat No has a number between 1 - 100, the stub will be sent to the FACTS II system for use in budget execution reporting.

You may also include additional rows where the Report Cat No is blank. In this example, these rows serve as sub-totals.

Note how the program reporting categories relate to apportioned amounts in Exhibit 120G's Office of the Secretary apportionment.

Do not use program reporting categories that are identical to Category B projects. The simple rule is that you use two or more reporting categories for each Cat B project.

Check with OMB on whether you need to put in projected, annual obligations.

Note also that the amounts in this column do not need to add to the total amount on the apportioned lines.
### One-Year Appropriation—First Apportionment for the Current Fiscal Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line No</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
<th>Previous Approved</th>
<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>Agency Footnote</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>OMB Footnote</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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</tbody>
</table>

#### Department of Government
Bureau: Office of the Secretary
Account: Salaries and Expenses (003-04-1109)
TAFS: 80-0137/20xx

#### IterNo
1 Last Approved Apportionment: N/A, First Request of year

#### RptCat
NO Reporting Categories

#### AdjAut
NO Adjustment Authority provided

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<th>OMB Footnote</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
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<tr>
<td>1100</td>
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<td>7,400,000</td>
<td>7,400,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>1130</td>
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<td>-1,000</td>
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<tr>
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<td>7,802,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>6001</td>
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<td>1,952,000</td>
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<td>2nd quarter</td>
<td>1,950,000</td>
<td>1,950,000</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>6003</td>
<td>3rd quarter</td>
<td>1,950,000</td>
<td>1,950,000</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6004</td>
<td>4th quarter</td>
<td>1,825,000</td>
<td>1,825,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>6011</td>
<td>Prairie Restoration Fund</td>
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<td>125,000 A1</td>
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<tr>
<td>6190</td>
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</table>

#### Exhibit Notes:
1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.

2) Per section 120.41, newly enacted appropriations are automatically apportioned for a temporary period.
No-Year Appropriation—First Apportionment for the Current Fiscal Year

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Line No</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
<th>Bureau/Account Title / Cat &amp; Stub / Line Split</th>
<th>Previous Approved</th>
<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>OMB Footnote</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1000</td>
<td>E</td>
<td>Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,180,000</td>
<td>1,180,000</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>[line split = E for estimate]</td>
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<tr>
<td>1041</td>
<td></td>
<td>Unob Bal: Antic recov of prior year unpd and pd obl</td>
<td></td>
<td>150,000</td>
<td>150,000</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>1100</td>
<td></td>
<td>BA: Disc: Appropriation</td>
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<td>25,000,000</td>
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<tr>
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<td>300,000</td>
<td>300,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>1740</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>BA: Disc: Spending auth:Antic colls, reimbs, other</td>
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<td>100,000</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1920</td>
<td></td>
<td>Total budgetary resources available (disc. and mand.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>26,730,000</td>
<td>26,730,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>6001</td>
<td></td>
<td>1st quarter</td>
<td></td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6002</td>
<td></td>
<td>2nd quarter</td>
<td></td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6003</td>
<td></td>
<td>3rd quarter</td>
<td></td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6004</td>
<td></td>
<td>4th quarter</td>
<td></td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td>120,000</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>6011</td>
<td></td>
<td>Research</td>
<td></td>
<td>12,800,000</td>
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<td>12,800,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>6012</td>
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<td>Development of Products</td>
<td></td>
<td>9,450,000</td>
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<td>9,450,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>6170</td>
<td></td>
<td>FY 2016 } No-year and multi-year TAFS can have apportioned amounts in future fiscal years. When using line 6170, provide the future fiscal years.</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,000,000 A2</td>
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<td>4,000,000 A2</td>
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<tr>
<td>6190</td>
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<td>Total budgetary resources available</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>26,730,000</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exhibit Notes:
1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.

2) Per section 120.41, newly enacted appropriations are automatically apportioned for a temporary period.
### No-Year Appropriation—Reapportionment

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<thead>
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<th>Line No</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
<th>Bureau/Account Title</th>
<th>Cat B Stub</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
<th>Previous Approved</th>
<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>Agency Footnote</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>OMB Footnote</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1000</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1</td>
<td>1,298,000</td>
<td>1,610,000</td>
<td>1,610,000</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>1010</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>1041</td>
<td></td>
<td>Unob Bal: Antic recov of prior year unpd/pd obl</td>
<td>150,000</td>
<td>150,000</td>
<td>150,000</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>1100</td>
<td></td>
<td>BA: Disc: Appropriation</td>
<td>5,000,000</td>
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<td>25,000,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>1130</td>
<td></td>
<td>BA: Disc: Appropriations permanently reduced</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1920</td>
<td></td>
<td>Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)</td>
<td>26,848,000</td>
<td>26,960,000</td>
<td>26,960,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6001</td>
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<td>1st quarter</td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td>36,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>6002</td>
<td></td>
<td>2nd quarter</td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>6003</td>
<td></td>
<td>3rd quarter</td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td>120,000</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6004</td>
<td></td>
<td>4th quarter</td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>6011</td>
<td></td>
<td>Research</td>
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<td>12,880,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>6012</td>
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<td>Development of Products</td>
<td>9,568,000</td>
<td>9,600,000</td>
<td>9,600,000</td>
<td>1,348,250</td>
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<td>6170</td>
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<td>FY2019</td>
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<td>4,000,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>6190</td>
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<td>Total budgetary resources available</td>
<td>26,848,000</td>
<td>26,960,000</td>
<td>26,960,000</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exhibit Notes:**

1. This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.

2. Unless OMB determines otherwise, when amounts are automatically apportioned (see section 120.50), and there is a subsequent need for reapportionment, reflected adjustments previously made as automatic apportionments in the “Previous Approved” column. In such cases, footnote what changes were automatically apportioned.

3. Exhibit 130C illustrates the SF 133 for this account.
One-Year Appropriations Under Continuing Resolution

<table>
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<th>Line No</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
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<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>Adj Footnote</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
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<td>1100</td>
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<tr>
<td>1134</td>
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<td>-22,030,000B2</td>
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<tr>
<td>1740</td>
<td>BA: Disc: Spending auth: Anti-colls, reins, other</td>
<td>1,348,260</td>
<td>1,348,260</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1920 Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.) 0 3,318,260 3,318,260

6001 1st quarter Note that funds made available by the continuing resolution ($24,000,000 - $22,030,000) are all apportioned as lump sum by the OMB short-term CR apportionment bulletin. 1,348,260 1,348,260 1,348,260
6002 2nd quarter You can either show the lump-sum amount in Cat B (as shown on line 6011) or if you typically apportion Cat A, the entire lump-sum amount in the first quarter (line 6001). If the short-term CR gets extended and enacted in a subsequent quarter, you would reflect the additive amount as lump-sum in the quarter current at that time. 0 0 0
6003 3rd quarter 0 0 0
6004 4th quarter 0 0 0
6011 Lump Sum 1,970,000 1,970,000

6190 Total budgetary resources available 0 3,318,260 3,318,260

Exhibit Notes:
1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.

2) Normally, OMB will issue a bulletin to automatically apportion funds made available by a continuing resolution without requiring you to submit an apportionment request (see section 123.2, 120.60). However, you may submit, or OMB may require you to submit a request.
## Appropriations and Unobligated Balances Under a Continuing Resolution

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line No</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
<th>Bureau/Account Title</th>
<th>Cat B Stub/Line Split</th>
<th>Previous Approved</th>
<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>Agency Footnote</th>
<th>OMB Footnote</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1000 A</td>
<td>Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1</td>
<td>[line split = E for estimate]</td>
<td>$50,689,324</td>
<td>60,000,000</td>
<td>60,000,000</td>
<td>[line split = A for actual balance]</td>
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<tr>
<td>1100 BA</td>
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<td>24,000,000</td>
<td>24,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>1134 BA</td>
<td>Disc: Appropriations precluded from obligation</td>
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<td>-22,030,000</td>
<td>-22,030,000</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>1740 1 BA</td>
<td>Disc: Spending auth: Anticolls, reimbs, other</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,000,760</td>
<td>1,000,260</td>
<td>1,000,260</td>
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</tr>
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<td>1740 2 BA</td>
<td>Disc: Spending auth: Anticolls, reimbs, other</td>
<td></td>
<td>349,000</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1920 Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$52,039,084</td>
<td>$63,319,760</td>
<td>$63,319,760</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6001 1st quarter</td>
<td>Agency requested/OMB approved reapportionment of the increased unobligated balances (+$9,310,676) in the first quarter.</td>
<td></td>
<td>$13,009,771</td>
<td>$22,320,447</td>
<td>$22,320,447</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6002 2nd quarter</td>
<td>If the request/approval was in the second quarter, increase would have to show on line 6002 since OMB can never reapportion a past period.</td>
<td></td>
<td>$13,009,771</td>
<td>$13,009,771</td>
<td>$13,009,771</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6003 3rd quarter</td>
<td>If the request/approval was in the second quarter, increase would have to show on line 6002 since OMB can never reapportion a past period.</td>
<td></td>
<td>$13,009,771</td>
<td>$13,009,771</td>
<td>$13,009,771</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>6004 4th quarter</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$13,009,771</td>
<td>$13,009,771</td>
<td>$13,009,771</td>
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<tr>
<td>6011 Lump Sum</td>
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<td>$1,970,000</td>
<td>$1,970,000</td>
<td>$1,425,555</td>
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<tr>
<td>6196 Total budgetary resources available</td>
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<td>$52,039,084</td>
<td>$63,319,760</td>
<td>$63,319,760</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Exhibit Notes:
1. This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.

2. Normally, OMB will issue a bulletin to automatically apportion funds made available by a continuing resolution without requiring you to submit an apportionment request (see section 123.2, 120.60). However, you may submit, or OMB may require you to submit a request.

3. You must submit a reapportionment request showing the final determination of unobligated balances to OMB as soon as it becomes known unless the amount is automatically apportioned by section 120.49.

---

**APPORTIONMENT PROCESS**

**EXHIBIT 120G**
## Apportionment Following a Continuing Resolution

### FY 20xx Apportionment Funds provided by Public Law XXX-XXX

### Agency: Department of Government
Bureau: Office of the Secretary
Account: R & D (003-04-1109)
TAFS: 80-1200 / X

### IterNo RptCat AdjAuv
2 NO NO

### Last Approved Apportionment: 9/10/CY

### Reporting Categories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line No</th>
<th>Bureau/Account Title / Cat B Stub / Line Split</th>
<th>Previous Approved</th>
<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1000 A</td>
<td>Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1 [line split = E for estimate] [line split = A for actual balance]</td>
<td>60,000,000 46,000,000 46,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1100 BA</td>
<td>Disc: Appropriation</td>
<td>24,000,000 25,000,000 25,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1134 BA</td>
<td>Disc: Appropriations precluded from obligation</td>
<td>-22,030,000 B1 0 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1700 BA</td>
<td>Disc: Spending auth: Collected</td>
<td>1,500 2,000 2,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1740 1 BA</td>
<td>Disc: Spending auth: Antic cols, reins, other</td>
<td>1,000,260 1,000,260 1,000,260</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1740 2 BA</td>
<td>Disc: Spending auth: Antic cols, reins, other</td>
<td>348,000 178,000 178,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Total budgetary resources available (disc. and mand.) 63,319,760 72,180,260 72,180,260

**Scenario 1 (Category B lump-sum):**
If you choose to lump-sum Cat B amounts automatically apportioned pursuant to the OMB Bulletin and A-11 section 120.41, it will all show on line 6011.

**Scenario 2 (Category A lump-sum):**
If you choose to record amounts automatically apportioned pursuant to the OMB Bulletin as Cat A (after consulting with your RMO during the short-term CR period stated in the Bulletin), you show the amounts from the Bulletin all in 1st quarter, line 6001.

**Scenario 3**
If the short-term CR gets extended, the lump-sum from the Bulletin will be shown as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>22,320,447</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
<td>13,009,771</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>13,009,771</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th</td>
<td>13,009,771</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lump Sum</td>
<td>1,970,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Post short-term CR:** Adjust line 1134 in the previous approved column to reflect the automatically apportioned amounts from both the OMB Bulletin and A-11 section 120.41 and reflect it in the manner described in scenario 3.

### Total budgetary resources available 63,319,760 72,180,260 72,180,260

**Exhibit Notes:**
1. This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.
2. Consult your RMO if you received an account-specific written apportionment during the short-term CR for B1 footnote language.
3. See section 120.61.

### Footnote B1
An amount on line 1134 has been adjusted pursuant to OMB Bulletin XX-XX and A-11 section 120.41.
### Public Enterprise (Revolving) or Intragovernmental (Revolving) Fund - Reapportionment

#### FY 20xx Apportionment
Funds provided by Public Law XXX-XXX

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line No</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
<th>Bureau/ Account Title / Cat B Stub / Line Split</th>
<th>Previous Approved</th>
<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>OMB Footnote</th>
<th>Memo Oflces</th>
<th>Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line No</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
<th>Bureau/ Account Title / Cat B Stub / Line Split</th>
<th>Previous Approved</th>
<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>OMB Footnote</th>
<th>Memo Oflces</th>
<th>Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1000</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1</td>
<td>83,584,884</td>
<td>83,583,738</td>
<td>83,583,738</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>[line split = E for estimate]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>[line split = A for actual balance]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1023</td>
<td>Unob Bal: Applied to repay debt</td>
<td>-20,756,800</td>
<td>-20,756,800</td>
<td>-20,756,800</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1100</td>
<td>BA: Disc: Appropriation</td>
<td>4,100,000</td>
<td>4,100,000</td>
<td>4,100,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1700</td>
<td>BA: Disc: Spending auth: Collected</td>
<td>8,000,000</td>
<td>8,000,000</td>
<td>8,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1700</td>
<td>BA: Disc: Spending auth: Collected</td>
<td>8,189,500</td>
<td>8,189,500</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1740</td>
<td>BA: Disc: Spending auth: Antic colls, reimbs, other</td>
<td>69,806,300</td>
<td>54,616,800</td>
<td>54,616,800</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Total budgetary resources available (disc. and mand.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line No</th>
<th>Total budgetary resources available</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1020</td>
<td>136,734,384</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exhibit Notes:**

1. This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.

2. If you don’t know the amount of the unobligated balance brought forward at the time you must submit an apportionment request for an account, show an estimated amount on line 1000, and submit a reapportionment form if adjustments are required, except as specified in section 120.49.

3. For revolving funds with indefinite borrowing authority:
   - Line 1023 includes estimates for the year of repayments of principal.
   - Line 1740 includes any credits or payments anticipated to be received.

4. Exhibit 130E illustrates the SF 133 for this account.
### Trust Fund Limitation

**FY 20xx Apportionment**  
Funds provided by Public Law N/A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line No</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
<th>Bureau / Account Title / Cat B Stub / Line Split</th>
<th>Previous Approved</th>
<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1201</td>
<td>BA: Mand.: Appropriation (special or trust Fund)</td>
<td>9,000,000</td>
<td>9,000,000</td>
<td>B1</td>
<td>9,000,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1920</td>
<td>Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)</td>
<td>9,000,000</td>
<td>9,000,000</td>
<td>9,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6011</td>
<td>Management services</td>
<td>1,500,000</td>
<td>1,500,000</td>
<td>1,500,000</td>
<td>500,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6012</td>
<td>Sales program</td>
<td>7,500,000</td>
<td>7,500,000</td>
<td>7,500,000</td>
<td>2,003,456</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6190</td>
<td>Total budgetary resources available</td>
<td>9,000,000</td>
<td>9,000,000</td>
<td>9,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exhibit Notes:**
1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.
### Negative Amount Due to Reduced Unobligated Balance

#### FY 20xx Apportionment
Funds provided by Public Law N/A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line No</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
<th>Bureau/Account Title / Cat B Stub / Line Split</th>
<th>Previous Approved</th>
<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>Agency Footnote</th>
<th>OMB Footnote</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1000</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Agency: Department of Government</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>E</td>
<td>Bureau: Office of the Secretary</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Account: R &amp; D (003-04-1109)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TAFS: 80-4321/X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IterNo</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Last Approved Apportionment: 9/10/CY</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RptCat</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>Reporting Categories</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AdjAut</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>Adjustment Authority provided</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1021</td>
<td>Unob Bal: Recov of prior year unpd obl</td>
<td>150,000</td>
<td>150,000</td>
<td>150,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1700</td>
<td>BA: Disc: Spending auth: Collected</td>
<td>86,000</td>
<td>86,000</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1701</td>
<td>BA: Disc: Spending auth: Chng uncoll pymts Fed src</td>
<td>9,000</td>
<td>9,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1740</td>
<td>BA: Disc: Spending auth: Antic colls, reimbs, other</td>
<td>400,000</td>
<td>145,000</td>
<td>145,000</td>
<td>B1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1920</td>
<td>Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)</td>
<td>1,730,000</td>
<td>800,000</td>
<td>800,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6001</td>
<td>1st quarter</td>
<td>432,500</td>
<td>432,500</td>
<td>432,500</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6002</td>
<td>2nd quarter</td>
<td>432,500</td>
<td>-32,500</td>
<td>-32,500</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6003</td>
<td>3rd quarter</td>
<td>432,500</td>
<td>200,000</td>
<td>200,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6004</td>
<td>4th quarter</td>
<td>432,500</td>
<td>200,000</td>
<td>200,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6190</td>
<td>Total budgetary resources available</td>
<td>1,730,000</td>
<td>800,000</td>
<td>800,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Exhibit Notes:
1. This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.
2. Apportionments previously established are not subject to change after the close of the period for which the apportionment is made (section 120.55).

When you need to reduce the cumulative amount apportioned through the current period, revise the amount apportioned for the current period to a negative amount.

Assuming that 1st quarter obligations were $250,000 in this example, then the 2nd quarter apportioned amount would be $150,000 (432,500 apportioned less 250,000 obligated plus -32,500 apportioned).
## Current year's Apportionment:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line No</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
<th>Bureau/Account Title / Cat B Stub / Line Split</th>
<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Previous Approved</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Agency:</strong> Department of Government</td>
<td><strong>Bureau:</strong> Office of the Secretary</td>
<td><strong>Account:</strong> R &amp; D (003-04-1109)</td>
<td><strong>TAFS:</strong> 80-4321 20xx/20xx+1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Item No.</strong> 1</td>
<td>Last Approved Apportionment: N/A, First Request of year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rpt Cat:</strong> NO</td>
<td>Reporting Categories</td>
<td><strong>AdJ Aut:</strong> NO</td>
<td>Adjustment Authority provided</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>1100</strong></td>
<td>BA: Disc: Appropriation</td>
<td></td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>1920</strong></td>
<td>Total budgetary resources available (disc. and mand.)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>6001</strong></td>
<td>1st quarter</td>
<td></td>
<td>12,500</td>
<td>12,500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>6002</strong></td>
<td>2nd quarter</td>
<td></td>
<td>12,500</td>
<td>12,500</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>6003</strong></td>
<td>3rd quarter</td>
<td></td>
<td>12,500</td>
<td>12,500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>6004</strong></td>
<td>4th quarter</td>
<td></td>
<td>12,500</td>
<td>12,500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>6170</strong></td>
<td>FY 20xx+1</td>
<td></td>
<td>The planned use of appropriations in year 2.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>6190</strong></td>
<td>Total budgetary resources available</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>52,000</td>
<td>52,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Next year's Apportionment:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line No</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
<th>Bureau/Account Title / Cat B Stub / Line Split</th>
<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Previous Approved</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Agency:</strong> Department of Government</td>
<td><strong>Bureau:</strong> Office of the Secretary</td>
<td><strong>Account:</strong> R &amp; D (003-04-1109)</td>
<td><strong>TAFS:</strong> 80-4321 20xx/20xx+1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Item No.</strong> 1</td>
<td>Last Approved Apportionment: N/A, First Request of year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rpt Cat:</strong> NO</td>
<td>Reporting Categories</td>
<td><strong>AdJ Aut:</strong> NO</td>
<td>Adjustment Authority provided</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>1000</strong></td>
<td>A Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1</td>
<td>line split = A for actual balance</td>
<td>line split = E for estimate</td>
<td>52,000</td>
<td>52,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>1920</strong></td>
<td>Total budgetary resources available (disc. and mand.)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>52,000</td>
<td>52,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>6001</strong></td>
<td>1st quarter</td>
<td></td>
<td>13,000</td>
<td>13,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>6002</strong></td>
<td>2nd quarter</td>
<td></td>
<td>13,000</td>
<td>13,000</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>6003</strong></td>
<td>3rd quarter</td>
<td></td>
<td>13,000</td>
<td>13,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>6004</strong></td>
<td>4th quarter</td>
<td></td>
<td>13,000</td>
<td>13,000</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>6190</strong></td>
<td>Total budgetary resources available</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>52,000</td>
<td>52,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Exhibit Notes:

1. This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.
2. Apportionments previously established are not subject to change after the close of the period for which the apportionment is made (section 120.55).
### Trust Fund with Contract Authority, Appropriation to Liquidate Contract Authority, and Obligation Limitation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line No</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
<th>Bureau/Account Title/Cat/Stub/Line Split</th>
<th>Previous Approved</th>
<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Agency: Department of Government</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Bureau: Office of the Secretary</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Account: R &amp; D (003-04-8109)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TAFS: 80-8004/X</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>IterNo</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Last Approved Apportionment: 9/10/CY</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RptCat</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>Reporting Categories</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AdjAut</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>Adjustment Authority provided</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1100</td>
<td></td>
<td>BA: Disc: Appropriation</td>
<td>90,000</td>
<td>90,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1137</td>
<td></td>
<td>BA: Disc: Approps applied to liq contract auth</td>
<td>-90,000</td>
<td>-90,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1600</td>
<td></td>
<td>BA: Mand: Contract authority</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1622</td>
<td></td>
<td>BA: Mand: Contract auth: Precluded from ob (lim)</td>
<td>-10,000</td>
<td>-10,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1920</td>
<td></td>
<td>Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>90,000</td>
<td>90,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6001</td>
<td></td>
<td>1st quarter</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td>25,000</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>6002</td>
<td></td>
<td>2nd quarter</td>
<td>25,000</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>6003</td>
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<td>3rd quarter</td>
<td>25,000</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>6004</td>
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<td>4th quarter</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td>20,000 A1</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>6190</td>
<td></td>
<td>Total budgetary resources available</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>90,000</td>
<td>90,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Exhibit Notes:

1. This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.

2. This example assumes that the authorizing legislation provides $100,000 in contract authority that was apportioned in the initial apportionment for the year. Subsequently, the appropriation act provided $90,000 in an appropriation to liquidate contract authority and limited obligations from the contract authority to $90,000.

3. This example assumes that the contract authority that cannot be obligated is available to be obligated in the succeeding fiscal year. This is an obligation limitation.
**Trust Fund (or Special Fund) with Collections Precluded from Obligation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line No</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
<th>Bureau/Account Title/CA B Stub/Line Split</th>
<th>Previous Approved</th>
<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1201</td>
<td>BA: Mand: Appropriation (special or trust fund)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>1234</td>
<td>BA: Mand: Appropriations precluded from obligation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>-70,000</td>
<td>-70,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>1250</td>
<td>BA: Mand: Anticipated appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>160,000</td>
<td>160,000</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1920</td>
<td>Total budgetary resources available (disc. and mand.)</td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td>120,000</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>6011</td>
<td>Payment of Benefits</td>
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<td></td>
<td>120,000A1</td>
<td>120,000</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Total budgetary resources available</td>
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<tr>
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<td>120,000</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exhibit Notes:**

1. This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please Exhibit 120A.

2. This example assumes that the authorizing legislation makes all receipts available until expended. However, the same law permits obligations only for benefits. The estimate of benefits to be paid is less than the current receipts. In this case, include all estimated current receipts on line 1250 (include actual collections on line 1201). Include, as a negative, the amount not needed to cover current obligations on line 1234. Do not include prior year collections that are not needed to incur current obligations on the apportionment or the SF 133.

3. See Exhibit 130J for a display of the treatment of this account on the SF 133 during the year and on September 30.
## Allocation Transfer Apportionment Format, Apportioning Programs

### FY 20xx Apportionment
Funds provided by Public Law N/A

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<th>Line No</th>
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<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>OMB Footnote</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Agency: Department of Government</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Bureau: Office of the Secretary</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Account: R &amp; D (003-04-1309)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TAFS: 80-1309 /X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IterNo</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Last Approved Apportionment: N/A, First Request of year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>RptCat</td>
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<td>Reporting Categories</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AdjAut</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>Adjustment Authority provided</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1100</td>
<td></td>
<td>BA: Disc: Appropriation</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1120</td>
<td>C1</td>
<td>BA: Disc: Aprops transferred to 19-80X1309</td>
<td>-1,000,000</td>
<td>-1,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1120</td>
<td>C2</td>
<td>BA: Disc: Aprops transferred to 20-80X1309</td>
<td>-2,000,000</td>
<td>-2,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1121</td>
<td>C1</td>
<td>BA: Disc: Aprops transferred from 80X1309</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1121</td>
<td>C2</td>
<td>BA: Disc: Aprops transferred from 80X1309</td>
<td>2,000,000</td>
<td>2,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1920</td>
<td></td>
<td>Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6011</td>
<td></td>
<td>Program A</td>
<td>5,500,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>6012</td>
<td></td>
<td>Program B</td>
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<td>6013</td>
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<td>Program C</td>
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<td>2,500,000</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6190</td>
<td>Total budgetary resources available</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exhibit Notes:
1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.
# Allocation Transfer Apportionment Format, Apportioning Parent and Child

**Identify in the header the law(s) providing the budget authority.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line No</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
<th>Bureau/Account Title / Cat B Stub / Line Split</th>
<th>Previous Approved</th>
<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>OMB Footnote</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Agency</strong>: Department of Government</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Bureau</strong>: Office of the Secretary</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Account</strong>: R &amp; D (003-04-1309)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>TAFS</strong>: 80-1309/X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IterNo</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Last Approved Apportionment: N/A, First Request of year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>RptCat</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>Reporting Categories</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AdjAut</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>Adjustment Authority provided</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1 (parent, 80X1309)</td>
<td>750,000</td>
<td>750,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000</td>
<td>C1</td>
<td>Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1 (child, 19-80X1309)</td>
<td>500,000</td>
<td>500,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1100</td>
<td></td>
<td>BA: Disc: Appropriation</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td>10,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1120</td>
<td>C1</td>
<td>BA: Disc: Approps transferred to 19-80X1309</td>
<td>-1,000,000</td>
<td>-1,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1120</td>
<td>C2</td>
<td>BA: Disc: Approps transferred to 12-80X1309</td>
<td>-2,000,000</td>
<td>-2,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1121</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>BA: Disc: Approps transferred from 80X1309</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1121</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>BA: Disc: Approps transferred from 80X1309</td>
<td>2,000,000</td>
<td>2,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1920</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Total budgetary resources avai (disc. and mand.)</strong></td>
<td>11,250,000</td>
<td>11,250,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6000</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>Parent - 1st quarter</td>
<td>3,750,000</td>
<td>3,750,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6001</td>
<td>C1</td>
<td>State FA (19-80X1309) - 1st quarter</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6001</td>
<td>C2</td>
<td>Agric. (12-80X1309) - 1st quarter</td>
<td>500,000</td>
<td>500,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6002</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>Parent - 2nd quarter</td>
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<td>4,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6002</td>
<td>C1</td>
<td>State FA (19-80X1309) - 2nd quarter</td>
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<td>500,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6002</td>
<td>C2</td>
<td>Agric. (12-80X1309) - 2nd quarter</td>
<td>1,500,000</td>
<td>1,500,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6190</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Total budgetary resources available</strong></td>
<td>11,250,000</td>
<td>11,250,000</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exhibit Notes:**

1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.

2) In 2015 added line split of “P” for parent and “CX” for each separate child allocation.
**Allocation Transfer Apportionment Format, Child Only**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line No</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
<th>Bureau/Account Title / Cat B Stub / Line Split</th>
<th>Previous Approved</th>
<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>Agency Footnote</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>OMB Footnote</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1000</td>
<td></td>
<td>Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1</td>
<td></td>
<td>500,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1121</td>
<td></td>
<td>BA: Disc: Appropriations transferred from 80X1309</td>
<td></td>
<td>12,000,000</td>
<td>B1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>12,000,000 B1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1920</td>
<td></td>
<td>Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>12,500,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>12,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6011</td>
<td></td>
<td>Country A activities</td>
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<td>3,000,000</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6012</td>
<td></td>
<td>Country B activities</td>
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<td>1,500,000</td>
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<td>Country C activities</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Unallocated activities - available CY+1</td>
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<tr>
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</tbody>
</table>

**B1 footnote:** Allocation transfer from parent agency, Department of Government.

**Exhibit Notes:**

1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.
### Allocation Transfer Apportionment, Parent Only

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line No</th>
<th>Line Split</th>
<th>Bureau/Account Title / Cat B Stub / Line Split</th>
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<th>Agency Request</th>
<th>Agency Footnote</th>
<th>OMB Action</th>
<th>OMB Footnote</th>
<th>Memo Obligations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Bureau: Office of the Secretary</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Account: R &amp; D (003-04-1309)</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TAFS: 80-1309 /X</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>IterNo</td>
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<td>Last Approved Apportionment: N/A, First Request of year</td>
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<tr>
<td>RptCat</td>
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<td>Reporting Categories</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>AdjAut</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>Adjustment Authority provided</td>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1</td>
<td>750,000</td>
<td>750,000</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>1920</td>
<td></td>
<td>Total budgetary resources avail (disc. and mand.)</td>
<td>7,750,000</td>
<td>7,750,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6001</td>
<td></td>
<td>1st quarter</td>
<td>3,750,000</td>
<td>3,750,000</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6190</td>
<td></td>
<td>Total budgetary resources available</td>
<td>7,750,000</td>
<td>7,750,000</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exhibit Notes:
1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.
## Allocation Accounts

Notes: Each parent account on this tab must appear on the Request tab. You use the same Treasury agency and account for each parent and allocation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parent Account</th>
<th>Allocation(s)</th>
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<td>80</td>
<td>X</td>
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</table>
## Sequester Apportionment

<table>
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<th>Agency Request</th>
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### Budgetary resources

|         | DA         | Discretionary Actual - Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1 | 3,100,000 | 3,100,000 |
|         | DE         | Discretionary Estimated - Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1 | 3,000,000 | 3,000,000 |
|         | MA         | Mandatory Actual - Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1 | 2,500,000 | 2,500,000 |
|         | ME         | Mandatory Estimated - Unob Bal: Brought forward, Oct 1 | 2,400,000 | 2,400,000 |
|         | 1700 BA: Dis: Spending auth: Collected | 700,000 | 700,000 |
|         | 1740 BA: Dis: Spending auth: Anti cols, reimbs, other | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 |
|         | 1800 BA: Mand: Spending auth: Collected | 500,000 | 500,000 |
|         | 1802 SEQ BA: Mand: Spending auth: Previously unavailable | 140,000 | 140,000 |
|         | 1823 SEQ BA: Mand: Spending auth: New/Unob bal temp reduced | -210,000 | -210,000 |
|         | 1840 BA: Mand: Spending auth: Anti cols, reimbs, other | 2,500,000 | 2,500,000 |

### Total budgetary resources available (disc. and mand.) 11,030,000 11,230,000 11,230,000

### Application of Budgetary Resources

|         | Development | 6,066,500 | 6,176,500 |
|         | Research    | 4,963,500 | 5,053,500 |

### Total budgetary resources available 11,030,000 11,230,000 11,230,000

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**Exhibit Notes:**

1) This exhibit only reflects lines that contain values. For a full listing of all lines, please see Exhibit 120A.