The Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act will Deliver for Washington, D.C.

President Biden and Vice President Harris support the Senate’s passage of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, the largest long-term investment in our infrastructure and competitiveness in nearly a century. The need for action in Washington, D.C. is clear and recently released data demonstrates that the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act will deliver for Washington, D.C. For decades, infrastructure in Washington, D.C. has suffered from a systemic lack of investment. In fact, the American Society of Civil Engineers gave Washington, D.C. a C-grade on its infrastructure report card. The historic Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act will make life better for hundreds of thousands of Washington, D.C. residents, create a generation of good-paying union jobs and economic growth, and position the United States to win the 21st century. Specifically, the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act will:

- **Repair and rebuild our roads and bridges with a focus on climate change mitigation, resilience, equity, and safety for all users, including cyclists and pedestrians.** In the District of Columbia there are 8 bridges and over 402 miles of highway in poor condition. Since 2011, commute times have increased by 2% in the District of Columbia and on average, each driver pays $1,100 per year in costs due to driving on roads in need of repair. The Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act is the single largest dedicated bridge investment since the construction of the interstate highway system. **Based on formula funding alone, Washington, D.C. would expect to receive $1.1 billion for federal-aid highway apportioned programs and $225 million for bridge replacement and repairs under the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act over five years**. Washington, D.C. can also compete for the $12.5 billion Bridge Investment Program for economically significant bridges and nearly $16 billion of national funding in the bill dedicated for major projects that will deliver substantial economic benefits to communities.

- **Improve healthy, sustainable transportation options for millions of Americans.** D.C residents who take public transportation spend an extra 25.2% of their time commuting and non-White households are 0.7 times more likely to commute via public transportation. 5% of trains and other transit vehicles in the District are past useful life. **Based on formula funding alone, Washington, D.C. would expect to receive more than $1.2 billion over five years under the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act to improve public transportation options across the district**.

- **Build a network of EV chargers to facilitate long-distance travel and provide convenient charging options.** The U.S. market share of plug-in electric vehicle (EV) sales

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1 These values are estimates and may change based on updated factor data each fiscal year.
2 Transit formula funding amounts are subject to changes resulting from the 2020 census or from annual transit service data reported to FTA’s National Transit Database.
is only one-third the size of the Chinese EV market. The President believes that must change. The bill invests $7.5 billion to build out the first-ever national network of EV chargers in the United States and is a critical element in the Biden-Harris Administration’s plan to accelerate the adoption of EVs to address the climate crisis and support domestic manufacturing jobs. Under the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, Washington, D.C. would expect to receive $17 million over five years to support the expansion of an EV charging network in the district\(^3\). Washington, D.C. will also have the opportunity to apply for the $2.5 billion in grant funding dedicated to EV charging in the bill.

- **Help connect every American to reliable high-speed internet.** Broadband internet is necessary for Americans to do their jobs, to participate equally in school learning, health care, and to stay connected. Yet nearly 13% of Washington, D.C. households do not have an internet subscription, and 1 in 50 D.C. residents live in areas where, under the FCC’s benchmark, there is no broadband infrastructure. Under the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, Washington, D.C. will receive a minimum allocation of $100 million to help provide broadband coverage across the district, including providing access to the at least 14,000 D.C. residents who currently lack it. And, under the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, 164,000 or 23% of people in Washington, D.C. will be eligible for the Affordability Connectivity Benefit, which will help low-income families afford internet access.

- **Prepare more of our infrastructure for the impacts of climate change, cyber-attacks, and extreme weather events.** The District of Columbia has experienced extreme weather event and cyber-attacks, costing the city and its businesses millions in damages. Under the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, based on historical formula funding levels, Washington, D.C. will expect to receive $10 million to protect against cyberattacks. D.C. residents will also benefit from the bill’s historic $3.5 billion national investment in weatherization which will reduce energy costs for families.

- **Deliver clean drinking water to every American and eliminate the nation’s lead service lines and pipes.** Currently, up to 10 million American households and 400,000 schools and child care centers lack safe drinking water. Under the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, based on the traditional revolving fund formula, Washington, D.C. will expect to receive $355 million over five years to improve water infrastructure across the District and ensure that clean, safe drinking water is a right in all communities.

Over the coming days and weeks, we will expect to receive additional data on the impact of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act in Washington, D.C.

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\(^3\) These values are estimates and may change based on updated factor data each fiscal year.