



Economic Impacts of the Government Shutdown in Virginia

A government shutdown occurs when Congress fails to pass appropriations bills or a continuing resolution to fund federal government operations. CEA analysis indicates that a shutdown may have wide-ranging economic effects that reduce the prospects of Virginia constituents through lower growth, higher unemployment and disruptions to Social Security and nutritional support to women with infant children.

Government Shutdown Would Reduce Growth and Increase Unemployment

CEA estimates Virginia's Gross State Product will decline by around \$396 million each week the shutdown extends, the equivalent of around \$1.7 billion per month while the government is shut down.

As a result of estimated GDP declines during the shutdown period, CEA analysis finds that there may be an increase in unemployment of about 1,200 workers in Virginia under a 1-month shutdown.

In a government shutdown, most federal workers will be furloughed or be required to work without pay. In Virginia, there are around 189,000 federal workers, or about 4.7 percent of the state workforce.

Government Shutdown Would Stop Some Federal Benefits

Under a government shutdown, SNAP benefits continue for approximately 30 days before facing disruption. In Virginia there are around 825,000 total enrollees in SNAP, and an estimated 320,000 whom are children.

Benefits are likely delayed for those that receive their Social Security benefits by check instead of direct-deposit. In Virginia, there are approximately 8,600 seniors that receive their benefits by check.

Due to the government shutdown, federal funding for the Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) program stops immediately and becomes reliant on very limited local contingency funding. If the government shutdown is prolonged, those reserves are likely to run out by the end of the first week. In Virginia, there are approximately 107,000 WIC recipients who rely on the program for nutritional support for themselves and their children.

Government Shutdown Would Hurt Small Business

Small Business Administration loan distributions are also frozen during the government shutdown. Assuming equal, average distributions each month, small businesses would face delays of around \$53 million in Virginia under a month-long shutdown of the federal government.

Federal contracts will similarly be affected by the federal government shutdown. CEA assumes all non-cost contracts (flat rate paid by the government) will continue, but funding will stop for all cost contracts (government pays for actual costs incurred, requiring oversight, invoicing, etc.). In this case, a one-month shutdown would cut federal contract spending by around \$3 billion in Virginia.

Combining this with federal employees going unpaid, consumer spending from lost wages will fall by an estimated \$3.6 billion in Virginia each month the government shut down extends.